Additional modifications are changes which do not materially affect the policies in the Plan and they do not fall within the scope of the Examination.

The proposed additional modifications are comprised of relatively minor amendments that correct typographic, grammar, spelling, formatting, and factual errors. In contrast, the proposed main modifications are comprised of substantive changes to the new Local Plan. The proposed main modifications are the subject of a separate table, which is also published for the purpose of consultation.

The following table sets out the proposed additional modifications for the new Lewisham Local Plan. The table is published to allow those with an interest in the new Local Plan to comment on the proposed additional modifications (alone).

The proposed additional modifications are set out in the order that they appear in the new Local Plan. They are identified by their own unique reference number, which is prefixed by the letters AM; and subsequently by their reference point within the new Local Plan, which is the relevant policy, paragraph, table, or figure number. The proposed additional modifications are identified in the central column cells. Deletions are shown as strikethrough text, and additions are underlined. The table is completed by a brief commentary that sets out why the additional modification has been proposed. Where appropriate, the commentary identifies the post hearing session Action that generated the proposed additional modification. These are identified in brackets – for example (AP7). The post hearing Actions are set out under Examination Document LC39 Consolidated List of Action Points.

In the interests of fairness, the Council is inviting comments on the Additional Modifications document separately, but alongside the consultation on the Main Modifications (and Proposed Changes to the Submission Policies Map), for completeness. Those responding to the consultation may only comment on the scope of the proposed additional modifications. There is no opportunity to comment on other aspects of the new Local Plan that are not identified by a modification or change.

At the end of the consultation process, the Council will collate and consider all of the responses on the proposed additional modifications. The Council is responsible and accountable for making additional modifications upon adoption of the Plan.

Modification	Section, Policy and/	Proposed Additional Modification
Reference:	or Paragraph:	Deleted text in strikethrough
		Additional Modification in underlined text
Consultation	Information	·
AM1	Consultation	Consultation information
	Information Page 7	Consultation overview
		The Lewisham Local Plan: Proposed Submission document is being consulted upon under Regulation 19 of The Tow
		Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012, as amended.
		The new Local Plan will establish a future vision for Lewisham, along with the planning and investment framework to
		vision over a 20-year period (2020 to 2040). The Local Plan, together with the London Plan and Neighbourhood Plar
		statutory Development Plan for Lewisham, and they are used to assess all planning applications across the borough
		This document is the Lewisham Local Plan, as proposed to be submitted to the Secretary of State for independent e
		Next Steps
		The Council is inviting comments on the soundness of the Lewisham Local Plan: Proposed Submission version from
		an interest in the borough. Plans are 'sound' if they are positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with na
		The Council is also inviting comments on a number of supporting documents which have been prepared to support the
		All personal information will be processed in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulations 2018.
		Consultation documents, supporting documents and information such as further details about the Regulation 19 cons
		an explanation of the test of soundness can be accessed and viewed online, by visiting:
		https://consultation.lewisham.gov.uk/planning/reg19consultation
		<del>or</del>
		https://lewisham.gov.uk/myservices/planning/policy/planning/current-and-future-consultations

	Reason for the Modification
<del>wn and</del>	Additional Modification to delete reference to Regulation 19 Consultation, as this
<del>o deliver this</del> i <del>ns, forms the</del> h <del>.</del>	event is factually in the past.
examination.	
n all those with ational policy. the Local Plan.	
nsultation and	

		Copies of the Lewisham Local Plan: Proposed Submission version can also be inspected in the following places:
		Laurence House, Catford
		Catford Library
		Lewisham Library
		Deptford Lounge Library
		Forest Hill Community Library
		Downham Library
		Grove Park Community Library
		When and how to respond
ĺ		The public consultation on the Lewisham Local Plan: Proposed Submission document will run from Wednesday 1st N
		Tuesday 25th April 2023.
		Comments must be received no later than 12 midnight on Tuesday 25th April 2023.
		You can take part in the consultation by sending us your comments via written representations or by completing the c
		questionnaire.
		To make a written representation please do so by submitting to:
		Email
		localplan@lewisham.gov.uk
		Post
		Local Plan
		Lewisham Planning Policy Team
		London Borough of Lewisham
		Laurence House
		1 Catford Rd, Catford,
		London, SE6 4RU
Preface		
AM2	Photograph of	Refurbished railway arches at Deptford Rise, part of a council Council project which includes the restoration of an his
	refurbished railway	Victorian carriage ramp and creation of a new public square with a mix of commercial spaces.
	arches at Deptford	
	Rise	
ł	Page 8	
Chapter 1	– About Lewisham's Loc	al Plan
AM3	Figure 1.2	Figure 1.2: Key stages of the plan making process Page 18
		October – November 2015
		Consultation on Main Issues.
		(Regulation 18)
		Up to October 2020
		Pre-production (with community and stakeholder engagement).
		January - April 2021
		Consultation on the Main Issues and Preferred Approaches.
		(Regulation 18)
		Autumn 2022 March- April 2023
l		Publication of the Local Plan / consultation on the 'proposed submission document'
	J	

March 2023 to	
<del>on-line</del>	
istoric	Additional Modification for the capitalisation of a proper noun.
	Additional Modification to amend the timeline to reflect the factual position.

AM4	Paragraph 1.22	<ul> <li>(Regulation 19)</li> <li>Winter 2022/2023 November 2023</li> <li>Submission to the Secretary of State and Examination in Public</li> <li>(Regulations 22-25)</li> <li>Summer - Autumn 2023 Summer 2025</li> <li>Adoption by Council.</li> <li>(Regulation 26)</li> </ul> 1.22 The Council is legally required to identify the strategic priorities for the development and use of land in the Borough, and to	Additional Modification
	Page 23	set out policies to address these in the local plan. The NPPF also makes clear that local plans should identify and clearly distinguish strategic policies from other non-strategic policies. A schedule of the Local Plan non-strategic policies is included in Part 5 of the Local Plan. Those policies not included in the schedule are strategic policies.	to delete unnecessary text.
Chapter 3 - AM5	Table 3.2	ctives, and the Spatial Strategy	Additional Modification
		Table 3.2: Lewisham Local Plan – Strategic objectives         Objective 21 H Securing the Timely Delivery of Infrastructure         "Work in partnership with central government, the Greater London Authority, Transport for London, Network Rail and other stakeholders to reduce car use, increase active travel, and accessibility across the Borough, as well as unlock the development potential of specific localities and strategic sites, including through the delivery of the Bakerloo Line Extension."	to provide further clarity.
	Managing Developmen - High Quality Design		
AM6	Paragraph 5.23	5.23 In addressing the public realm, development proposals should prioritise the movement of people by walking, cycling and the use of public transport, in line with the Healthy Streets Approach. This policy should therefore be read in conjunction with Policy TR3 (Healthy streets as part of healthy neighbourhoods). Development proposals are also encouraged to refer to the Government's Manual for Streets and Transport for London's Streetscape guidance.	Additional Modification to reflect factual position and aid clarity.
AM7	Paragraph 5.33	5.33 The London Plan provides that tall buildings will play a role in supporting Good Growth across London. It directs the Local Plan to identify locations where tall buildings may be an appropriate form of development and to set a local definition for tall buildings. This policy helps give effect to the London Plan. The Policies Map designates Suitability Zones for tall buildings (also shown in Figure 5.1, Figure 5.3 to Figure 5.10 and Table 21.12). This must be read together with part C of the policy above which provides the recommended maximum building heights. The zones and heights have been informed by the Lewisham Characterisation Study (2019), Lewisham Tall Buildings Study (2020) and Tall Buildings Study Addendum (2022) and the Tall Building Review (2023). Whilst Suitability Zones have been identified this does not mean that tall buildings are automatically acceptable within them or that the maximum building heights are appropriate in every instance. Although maximum heights are provided for each for the Tall Building Suitability Zones, proposals will still be expected to include robust design justifications for the heights proposed, including testing in key views.	Additional Modification to aid clarity and update factual evidence position.
AM8	Paragraph 5.34	5.34 Development proposals will be considered on a case-by-case basis taking into account their impacts on an individual site level and cumulatively in combination with other existing, consented and planned tall and taller buildings. Impacts include those in the building's immediate vicinity, surrounding area and elsewhere in London, <u>particularly in relation to places in neighbouring Boroughs</u> . Development proposals should refer the Tall Building Sensitivity Plan (Figure 5.2) early in the design-led approach to understand site-specific sensitivities and development constraints. The Council will normally employ the use of graphic 3D modelling to assess development proposals, such as enabled by VU.CITY software, and applicants will be required to submit technical information to support this analysis.	Additional Modification to aid decision-taking and provide clarity on possible impacts beyond the Borough boundary.

AM9	Paragraph 5.38	5.38 The London Plan identifies and includes policies to protect London Strategic Views which include significant buildings, urban landscapes and riverscapes that help to define London at a strategic level. There are two such strategic views traversing Lewisham. These are the 'London Panoramas' from Greenwich Park (General Wolfe's Statue) to Central London and Blackheath Point to Central London (the dome of St Paul's Cathedral). There are six strategic views which run through the Borough. These are: Alexandra Palace to Central London, Greenwich Park to Central London, Primrose Hill to Central London, Kenwood to Central London, Parliament Hill to Central London, and Blackheath Point to Central London (see Figure 5.11). The London Plan sets policies f for managing these strategic views, with further guidance included in the Mayor's London View Management Framework (LVMF) SPG, which development proposals should refer as appropriate. It is imperative that these panoramic views of London, and the key landmarks within them, are not compromised by new development and that people can continue to experience and enjoy them.	Additional Modification to clarify factual position.
AM10	Paragraph 5.74	<ul> <li>5.74 This policy addresses the types of small sites set out below.</li> <li>Infill sites: sites within street frontages (such as former builders' yards, small workshops and garages, gaps in terraces and</li> </ul>	Additional Modification to provide clarity.
		gardens to the side of houses).	
		<ul> <li>Backland sites: 'landlocked' sites to the rear of street frontages and not historically in garden use (such as builders' yards, small workshops and warehouses, and garages), often in close proximity to existing housing.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Garden land (including back gardens): private amenity areas that were the entire back garden to the rear of a dwelling or dwellings as originally designed. Garden land is not defined as Previously Developed Land, as set out in the NPPF.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Amenity areas: communal amenity areas attached to or associated with residential development. Examples of these are: private communal gardens for small blocks of flats landscaped spaces around taller blocks of flats and around low and medium rise 'slab linear blocks', where typically the distinction between the public and private realms is ambiguous and which provide a generally less secure environment as a result.</li> </ul>	
AM11	Paragraph 5.94	5.94 Advertisements, digital displays and hoardings are regularly located on or adjacent to the public realm. To ensure that everyone can move safely and easily within it, development must apply inclusive and safe design principles. Where installations are proposed to be located on or adjacent to the Transport for London Road Network, <u>they (TfL)</u> should be consulted for an opinion on the safe operation of the highway network.	Additional Modification to correct grammatical error.
Chapter 6	– Heritage		1
AM12	Policy HE1 Photograph Caption Page 135	Horniman Museum extension and museum extension, Forest Hill (Allies and Morrison / Peter Cook)	Additional Modification to correct factual inaccuracy.
AM13	Paragraph 6.15	6.15 The NPPF sets out policies for 'enabling development'. This is a term specifically used for cases where the cost of repair - and conversion to optimum viable use, if appropriate - of a heritage asset exceeds its market value on completion of repair or conversion, allowing for appropriate development costs (termed a 'conservation deficit'). In these cases development proposals which depart from the Development Plan and would normally be considered unacceptable may be permitted in order to secure the conservation of the asset.	Additional Modification to correct typographic error.
AM14	Paragraph 6.17	6.17 World Heritage Sites are designated heritage assets of the highest order. The UNESCO declared Maritime Greenwich World Heritage Site is located adjacent to the northeast boundary of Lewisham. Its 'Buffer Zone' stretches extends into the Borough covering a part of Blackheath, as shown on the Policies Map. The remainder of the 'Buffer Zone' lies outside of Lewisham's administrative boundary and is beyond the scope of the Local Plan. It is shown for information purposes.	Additional Modification to reflect factual position.
AM15	Paragraph 6.36	6.36 Lewisham is particularly rich in known areas of archaeological interest, dating to the prehistoric, Roman and medieval periods. The areas of greatest known archaeological interest or where there is above average potential for new discoveries are identified by Archaeological Priority Areas (APAs). Lewisham's APA boundaries date from the 1970s-1980s and do not predict the	Consequential modification to paragraph numbering.

		Iikelihood that currently unidentified heritage assets, particularly sites of historic and archaeological interest, will be discovered in the future, as required by NPPF. They will be reviewed and updated in due course by Historic England and a London-wide standardised approach, as defined within London Plan paragraph 7.1.10 will be used which Lewisham's Archaeological Priority Areas were reviewed and updated in 2023 by Historic England in line with London Plan paragraph 7.1.10. This assigns all land in the borough to one of four tiers denoting different levels of sensitivity to development, using an 'archaeological risk' model. Therefore, developers should consider the potential for archaeological discoveries both within and outside the existing APA boundaries. The revised Archaeological Priority Areas are available on the Council's website.	Additional Modifications to update factual position.
Chapter 7	– Housing		1
AM16	Paragraph 7.24	7.24 In light of the above, the Local Plan sets a strategic target for 50 per cent of all new homes delivered in the Borough to be genuinely affordable. The strategic target is considered to be in line with the London Plan. However, recognising the distinctive characteristics of the local housing market and the relative affordability of different types of provision to the resident population, a local definition of 'genuinely affordable housing' is necessary. In Lewisham, this means housing at social rent levels or GLA's London Affordable Rent level56and below, aiming for target rents. All other housing products below market levels, whether for sale or rent, are defined as intermediate housing and should not be conflated with genuinely affordable housing. Furthermore, genuinely affordable housing and intermediate housing should provide for secure tenancies. For affordable homes, we will seek that residents are provided with lifetime tenancies, ideally in perpetuity. The tenants of intermediate tenure products will be provided tenancy protection through the relevant law and policy.	Additional Modification to provide clarity.
AM17	Paragraph 7.36	7.36 The Lewisham SHMAA SHMA (2022) raises issues around the affordability of First Homes in the context of local median household incomes. It also sets out how the introduction of First Homes would adversely impact on the delivery of genuinely affordable housing, for which the identified need in Lewisham is greatest. The Lewisham Local Plan Viability Assessment (2022) has also tested the introduction of First Homes as a component of the affordable housing tenure mix, using the benchmark 25 per cent proportion recommended by the NPPG. It concludes that First Homes are unlikely to be accessible to those on lower incomes and would result in a significant reduction in availability of affordable housing for purchase. In light of the above, the Local Plan does not make specific provision for First Homes. This position is supported by the Mayor of London who has also raised concerns about deliverability of First Homes in London, particularly around criteria concerning price caps on properties and income caps on applicants.	Additional Modification to correct spelling mistake.
AM18	Paragraph 7.48	7.48 The Lewisham SHMA (2022) indicates that there are a number of housing options available for older people in the Borough, including some 3,200 units of specialist accommodation with integrated elements of support or care. This provision is helping to meet the varying types of need, but it is recognised additional capacity is required. The total additional need for specialist older person dwellings across Lewisham is projected to be 2,422 by 2040. This is broken down to 1,969 units of Class C3 units (such as sheltered or extra care housing) and 453 units of Class C2 units (such as residential care). This translates to an annual need for 98 C3 dwellings plus 23 units of C2 dwellings each year, which is comparable to the London Plan benchmark for Lewisham of 100 specialist older person dwellings 2017 to 2029. The London Plan sets out a Capital-wide approach to this matter under its Policy H13 Specialist older persons housing and identifies a total potential demand for specialist older persons housing across all tenures. For Lewisham the London Plan identifies and annual benchmark of 105 units per annum.	(AP28)
AM19	Paragraph 7.52	7.52 Development proposals should be designed with reference to inclusive and safe design principles, taking into account the latest industry good practice guidance. They should promote and adequately respond to the sharing or joint use of facilities, particularly to encourage a sense of community belonging. Development should also be designed to ensure a good fit between the facilities supplied and the specialist needs of the intended occupants. This includes consideration for the level of managed care provision and support required by occupants, along with the need for high quality facilities such as amenity space storage, and space for charging of mobility scooters. Developments must also make adequate provision for access, parking and servicing for vehicles, with drop-off points for taxis, mini-buses and ambulances located near the building's principal entrance. Parking must not exceed the maximum set out in Policy TR4 (Parking).	Additional Modification to provide further clarity on the matter of parking.

AM21         Paragraph 7.73         7.75 The Council has continued to monitor and review of HMO accommodation in Lewisham, A 2018 review identified a substantial clustering of HMOs in the south of the Borough <sup>R</sup> . The Council subsequently implemented an Article 4 Direction to the promote the Permitted Development f, busing with shared facilities should be sustainably located in well-connected areas with good access to facilities and services.         Additional Mod substantial clustering of HMOs in the south of the Borough <sup>R</sup> . The Council subsequently implemented an Article 4 Direction to the Dermitted Development rights for the coversion of single dwellings into small HMOs (36 bedromong) within parts of the update facture previous of the Permitted Development rights for the coversion to suggest this has resulted in adverse impacts on local amenity. The Council is bas therefore considering extending substantiation of HMOs in averse: covered by an Article 4 Direction to to counsidered against Part (B) of the policy.         Additional Mod to update facture previous and the direction council and when the Borough in wards with either a low inclusion of the Interses on HMOs in Lewisham since 2018, with recogning Interpretation of HMOs in averse: covered by an Article 4 Direction to to counsidered against Part (B) of the policy.         Additional Mod to update facture previous interpretation of HMOs in averse: covered by an Article 4 Direction with excellation development proposabilities there are interpretation of this type of provision proposed, and provision, and the whele Borough area. Development therefore on the borough for coverential base against Part (B) of the policy.         Additional Mod to provide furth coverentiation of HMOs in the Borough for coverential base and the policy of housing (coll). This is the ensure of the development does in the coverentiation of this type of provision proposed, anony with evidence to demonstrat				
AM22         Paragraph 7.75         7.75 Whilst recognising that housing with share facilities contributes to meeting housing, and with an overconcentration of HM0s evident accouncil with a new reconcentration of HM0s is a researce over the whole Borough in the reconcentration of HM1s is a resulted in adverse impacts on local amenity. The Council is high therefore only be provide furth contained housing, accouncil with an evidence to a suggest this as resulted in a diverse propose-built shared living will therefore only be supported where there is an identified local market demand for such provident which does not adequately respond to local need. Applicants will be required to submit robust, relevant, and proportionate evidence of market demand on the Borough for the type of provision proposed, along with evidence to demonstrate that the development with does build housing needing bencing needs. However, in circumstances where self-builders seek to cross subdidise the intenses by developing the responsibility of the self-builder seek to cross build in the Borough for the type of provision from the call where self-builders seek to cross building the means there are able to demonstrate that they gualify for the type of provision from the call where self-builders seek to cross building thounes and the preconce where self-builders are able to demonstrate	AM20	Paragraph 7.72	is to ensure an appropriate distribution of different types of housing provision across the Borough, along with the protection of the character and amenity of immediate and neighbouring properties. Furthermore, as with other forms of higher density development, housing with shared facilities should be sustainably located in well-connected areas with good access to facilities	Additional Modification (deletion) to correct typographic error.
AM23       New Paragraph       Proposals for self and custom build housing will not normally require contributions the Borough for conventional housing will have for the type of provision proposed, along with evidence to demonstrate that the development wich does not adequately respond to local need. Applicants will be required to subnit robust, relevant, and proportinate evidence of market demand in the Borough for the type of provision proposed, along with evidence to demonstrate that the development wich does not adequately respond to local need. Applicants will be required to subnit robust, relevant, and proportinate evidence of market demand in the Borough for the type of provision proposed, along with evidence to demonstrate that the development will not result in a proliferation of purpose-built shared living in the Borough.       Additional Mod that sets out th factual regulate the solution the open market. Policy HO 3 Part 1, will apply, and the Council will seek to negotiate an appropriate contribution from those additional houses. It remains the responsibility of the self-builders are able to demonstrate that they qualify in accordance with the ClL Regulations).       Additional houses that will be open market. Policy HO 3 Part 1, will apply, and the Council will seek to negotiate an appropriate contribution from those additional houses. It remains the responsibility of the self-builders are able to demonstrate that they qualify in accordance with the ClL Regulations).       Additional houses that will be required to ensure that town centres remain resilient and adaptable to the challenges and opportunities facing the challenge. The provision of nemotioning. This is particularly in terms of the retail sector where Covid-19 have had significant remumbering of paragraph.       Consequential modifications to subservise and accelerate trends in multi-channel (nilne) shopping <sup>67</sup> . Whilst recognising that town centres para	AM21	Paragraph 7.73	substantial clustering of HMOs in the south of the Borough <sup>66</sup> . The Council subsequently implemented an Article 4 Direction to remove the Permitted Development rights for the conversion of single dwellings into small HMOs (3-6 bedrooms) within parts of the Borough's south. The latest 2022 review concludes that there has been a significant increase in HMOs in Lewisham since 2018, with an overconcentration of HMOs evident across the Borough in wards with either a low, medium or high presence of HMOs traditionally. Furthermore, there is evidence to suggest this has resulted in adverse impacts on local amenity. The Council is has therefore considering extending extended the Article 4 Direction to suggest the whole Borough area.	Additional Modification to update factual position.
Am24       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       8.61       The set of th	AM22	Paragraph 7.75	(2022) indicates that there is an acute need in the Borough for conventional housing, especially genuinely affordable self- contained housing, including for families. Development proposals for large-scale purpose-built shared living will therefore only be supported where there is an identified local market demand for such provision, and they will not lead to a proliferation of this type of housing locally. This is to ensure that development does not compromise opportunities to deliver conventional self-contained, family housing and affordable housing units, and to prevent against speculative development which does not adequately respond to local need. Applicants will be required to submit robust, <u>relevant, and proportionate</u> evidence of market demand in the Borough for the type of provision proposed, along with evidence to demonstrate that the development will not result in a proliferation of	Additional Modification to provide further clarity.
AM24 8.61 There is a need to ensure that town centres remain resilient and adaptable to the challenges and opportunities facing the Hhigh High Street, including changes in consumer behaviour and business practices. Brexit and Covid-19 have had significant short-term effects on the national, regional and local economies and are likely to have long-term implications, which require monitoring. This is particularly in terms of the retail sector where Covid-19 has led to a spike in town centre vacancies and accelerated trends in multi-channel (online) shopping <sup>87</sup> . Whilst recognising that town centres play a key role in the provision of local shops and services, it is important that they are able to evolve and adapt over time, so that they continue to support our neighbourhoods and communities. The Local Plan provides support for a wide range of uses to locate within town centres as mistake.			affordable housing needs. However, in circumstances where self-builders seek to cross subsidise their homes by developing additional houses that will be sold on the open market, Policy HO 3 Part J will apply, and the Council will seek to negotiate an appropriate contribution from those additional houses. It remains the responsibility of the self-builder to apply for exemptions from the CIL charging regime. Exemptions from the CIL will only be provided if self-builders are able to demonstrate that they qualify	Consequential modifications to subsequent paragraph numbering – for the remainder of the
Hhigh High Street, including changes in consumer behaviour and business practices. Brexit and Covid-19 have had significant short-term effects on the national, regional and local economies and are likely to have long-term implications, which require monitoring. This is particularly in terms of the retail sector where Covid-19 has led to a spike in town centre vacancies and accelerated trends in multi-channel (online) shopping <sup>87</sup> . Whilst recognising that town centres play a key role in the provision of local shops and services, it is important that they are able to evolve and adapt over time, so that they continue to support our neighbourhoods and communities. The Local Plan provides support for a wide range of uses to locate within town centres as			1	
	AM24	8.61	Hhigh High Street, including changes in consumer behaviour and business practices. Brexit and Covid-19 have had significant short-term effects on the national, regional and local economies and are likely to have long-term implications, which require monitoring. This is particularly in terms of the retail sector where Covid-19 has led to a spike in town centre vacancies and accelerated trends in multi-channel (online) shopping <sup>87</sup> . Whilst recognising that town centres play a key role in the provision of local shops and services, it is important that they are able to evolve and adapt over time, so that they continue to support our neighbourhoods and communities. The Local Plan provides support for a wide range of uses to locate within town centres as	renumbering of paragraph. Additional Modification to correct spelling

AM25	Figure 8.12	Figure 8.12: Strategic areas of night-time activity and Cultural Quarters	Additional Modification to consequentially renumber the figure
Chapter 9	- Community Infrastruct	ture	
AM26	Paragraph 9.1	9.1 Community infrastructure is also commonly referred to as social infrastructure. It covers a range of services and facilities that contribute towards inclusive and sustainable neighbourhoods and communities by providing residents and visitors with opportunities to enjoy a good quality of life. Community infrastructure includes provision for health services, education and training, community facilities (including public houses), <u>cultural facilities</u> , places of faith, and sport and recreation facilities for people of all ages and abilities. Green infrastructure is also a component of social infrastructure, although it is addressed separately in this Local Plan.	Additional Modification to provide further clarity.
AM27	Paragraph 9.10	9.10 Community facilities must be designed to a high quality standard using the design-led approach. They should be accessible and inclusive places that help to promote social cohesion. Development proposals must include well-integrated facilities that enable the effective use of the building as a community space. This may include kitchen areas, toilets and washing facilities, broadband connection, communal areas and meeting spaces, and generous dedicated storage space. Proposals will be refused where they do not suitably demonstrate that the development is designed to support the long-term viability of the community use, whether as a standalone building or part of a mixed use development <sub>r</sub> .	Additional Modification to correct typographic error.
AM28	Paragraph 9.20	9.20 New nurseries and childcare facilities should be appropriately located at safe, well-connected and easily accessible locations. Applicants should investigate opportunities to locate such uses in Class E units before considering residential premises. Where it is proposed to incorporate a nursery or childcare facility within an existing self-contained (Class C3) property, this must not result in the loss of a dwelling unit. In most circumstances a detached C3 use will be more appropriate than a semi-detached unit, which in turn is preferential over a terraced dwelling. End of terrace locations will be treated the same as semi-detached properties. We may apply conditions to ensure residential uses are reinstated in any future change of use from a Class E community use.	Additional Modification to correct typographic error.
Chanter 10	0 – Green Infrastructure		
AM29	Paragraph 10.3	10.3 The protection and enhancement of green infrastructure in Lewisham is necessary to support the London Plan objective to	Additional Modification
AWZ9	Palagraph 10.5	make London at least 50 per cent green by <del>2050and</del> <u>2050 and</u> to support its National Park City status. Many of the Borough's trees are located in private gardens especially at the ends of rear gardens where combined garden areas provide the space for large canopy trees to develop and mature. These trees contribute to the Borough's urban forest and provide benefits including rear outlook amenity, wildlife habitat, air pollution reduction, improved ground drainage, climate change mitigation and health and wellbeing benefits. Development proposals should retain these trees for their ecosystem services and avoid compromising and encroaching available space for them. This includes, for example, smaller developments involving building extensions, garden studios, the subdividing of houses and gardens as well as larger redevelopment schemes.	to correct typographic error.
AM30	Figure 10.2	Figure 10.2: Open spaces Strategic open spaces and their typology	Additional Modification to provide a more representative and accurate title to the map.
AM31	Paragraph 10.18	10.18 The Environment Act 2021 introduced provisions for Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) that took effect for major planning applications on 12 February 2024 and for small sites on 2 April 2024. The mandatory requirement for BNG on qualifying developments <i>will apply applies</i> in England and are to be was brought into force through future amendments to the Town and Country Planning Act <sup>106</sup> . To ensure the alignment with the new legislative framework the Local Plan seeks that development proposals secure BNG. The BNG benchmark is a minimum 10 percent increase in habitat value for wildlife compared with the predevelopment baseline, calculated using an appropriate Biodiversity Metric107. The Lewisham Local Plan Viability Assessment (2022) indicates that this requirement will have a negligible impact on development viability108. <i>Policy GR3.E will be used as a guide until such time further legislation and national policy take effect.</i> BNG should normally be delivered on-site. However,	Additional Modifications to update factual position, provide further clarity.

		flexibility may be applied in <i>exceptional circumstances</i> on a case-by-case basis where it is demonstrated that on-site provision is not feasible or off-site contributions will provide greater biodiversity benefits, for example, by contributing to the restoration or recovery of habitats within sites or areas identified in a LNRS or other similar document. Development proposals should refer to good practice guidance such as the British Standard BS 8683:2021 Process for designing and implementing Biodiversity Net Gain.	
AM32	Paragraph 10.22	10.22 Development proposals must make provision for public realm enhancements where the site contains or is adjacent to an existing or proposed route of the Lewisham links. The specific nature of public realm enhancements will be considered on a case- by-case basis taking into account the nature of the development along with the site size, location and contribution required to support the effective functioning and quality of the Lewisham Links. Further details are set out in Part 3 of the Local Plan for each of the Borough's character areas, including in Figures 14.2, 14.3, 15.2, 15.3, 16.2, 16.3, 17.2, 17.3, 18.2 and 18.3. Whilst the Lewisham Links will connect a wide variety of visitor destinations there is a strong focus on connections to and between green spaces. Development proposals should therefore refer to the Lewisham Parks and Open Spaces Strategy.	Additional Modification to provide further clarity on referencing of Figures.
AM33	Paragraph 10.32	10.32 A Landscape Design Strategy must be included with all major development proposals and proposals for sites where a Tree Preservation Order is in place. Other applications may also be required to provide this information having regard to individual site circumstances and the biodiversity interests involved. The Landscape Design Strategy must include an assessment of the relevant site features and nature conservation interests, details of work required to ensure the successful implementation of the strategy, and a Management Plan. The Management Plan should address maintenance of hard and soft landscaping features over the lifetime of the development, with specific details covering a minimum 5-year period from occupation. Considerations may include: planting plans with species, frequency of maintenance operations such as weeding, irrigation and the use of hydration bags for trees, checking stakes and ties, plant condition, mowing times for long grass sward areas, materials and minimising hard surfacing, details of building subsidence and other liabilities such as climate change resilient foundations within zone of influence of trees, permeable surfacing and <del>SUDs drainage</del> <u>Sustainable Drainage</u> Systems, wildlife connectivity such as hedges for boundary treatment and hedgehog gaps when fencing is used, underground services and infrastructure in relation to root protection areas of existing trees and new tree planting areas, security and access arrangements to landscaped areas.	Additional Modification to provide additional clarity.
Chapter 11	– Sustainable Design &	& Infrastructure	
AM34	Paragraph 11.32	11.32 In addition to AQMAs there are also 10 Air Quality Focus Areas (AQFAs) AQFAs in the Borough. These are locations that have been identified as having high levels of pollution and human exposure. The current AQMAs and the Mayor's 'London Datastore' maintains an up-to-date list of AQFAs across the Capital, taking account of changing circumstances and latest available evidence. AQMAs are identified in Figure 11.2 and may be subject to periodic review and updating. Development proposals within AQFAs must submit a desktop Health Impact Assessment in line with Policy DM5 DM6 (Health Impact Assessments).	Additional Modification to introduce abbreviation/ acronym. Additional Modification to correct cross reference.
AM35	Footnote 116	116 Draft Lewisham Air Quality Management Action Plan 2022-2027 (2021). Lewisham AQMA declared in 2001 for exceedances in annual mean NO <sup>2</sup> NO <sub>2</sub> and 24-hour mean PM10 concentrations and Crofton Park and Honor Oak Park AQMA declared in 2013 for exceedances in annual mean NO <sup>2</sup> NO <sub>2</sub> concentrations. It is also important that development proposals consider PM2.5 which are smaller particles than PM10, in line with the Mayor of London target to align with the WHO guidelines.	Additional Modification to reflect the factual position in relation to the AQMA Plan. (AP118)
AM36	Paragraph 11.48	11.48 Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) should be integrated into development wherever possible with priority given to green and blue over grey measures. All SuDS must meet the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Non-Statutory Technical Standards and be designed in accordance with the latest Construction Industry and Research Association (CIRIA) SuDS Manual or equivalent. Development proposals must demonstrate that SuDS will function effectively over the lifetime of development. New development must contribute to minimising and mitigating flood risk through the use of Sustainable Drainage Systems. SuDS involve management practices and techniques used to slow the rate of surface water runoff and improve infiltration by mimicking natural drainage. This reduces the risk of flash-flooding which occurs when rainwater rapidly flows into the public sewerage and drainage systems.	Additional Modification to introduce acronym. Additional Modification to provide clarity – by relocating policy text to supporting text.

AM37	Figure 11.4	Figure 11.4: Safeguarded Wharf at Convoys Wharf Amend Figure 11.4 key to read –	Additional Modification to update and reflect
		Proposed Safeguarded Area Confirmed Safeguarded Wharf Boundary	the factual position.
AM38	Paragraph 11.63	<ul> <li>11.63 Lewisham has a mix of separate and combined sewer systems. Sewer flooding can arise in the foul system when surface water enters via misconnection, or where the capacity of combined systems is exceeded. In both cases this results in surcharge of contaminated surface water. Thames Water record <u>reported</u> sewer flooding incidents by postcode area and this information should be referred.</li> </ul>	Additional Modification to reflect factual position.
AM39	Paragraph 11.72	11.72 The Council's Environmental Protection service maintains a Contaminated Land Register and the Council's website provides information that can direct applicants to further resources which may assist with site investigations and possible remedial measures. Planning conditions may be used to secure appropriate measures prior to the commencement and occupation of development.	Additional Modification to clarify the factual status of technical information held by the Council.
AM40	Paragraph 11.77	11.77 The London Plan includes a strategic objective for London to be waste net self-sufficient by 2026. This means that all waste generated in London should also be managed within it, rather than being exported elsewhere. To support this objective the London Plan apportions a per cent share of London's total waste to be managed by each borough, which is set out in tonnes. It then requires boroughs to allocate sufficient land and identify facilities to manage the apportioned tonnages of waste. The Council will continue with the approach to pool and manage the waste apportionment within its sub-region, working in partnership with other local authorities in the South East London Joint Waste Planning Group (SELJWPG). This includes Lewisham, Bexley, Bromley, Royal Borough of Greenwich and Southwark along with the City of London Corporation. At the time of preparation, the City of Westminster has applied to join the SELJWPG. The South East London Joint Waste Technical Paper has been prepared by the SELJWPG and provides further details on the pooled apportionment and waste management sites with capacity to manage this over the long-term. The Technical Paper will be subject to periodic review and updating where necessary.	Additional Modification to update and reflect the factual position.
Chapter 12	2 – Transport and Conne	ectivity	
AM41	Paragraph 12.3	12.3 Investment in transport infrastructure is necessary to support the levels of growth planned within the Borough as well as to substantially increase the proportion of journeys being made by walking, cycling and public transport. An indicative list of key planned and pipeline strategic transport schemes is set out in Table 12.1. These schemes have been signposted as they will play a key role in supporting the delivery of the spatial strategy for the Borough. However, a wider complement of transport projects are also needed to address the accessibility issues in local areas. This list should therefore be read together with Lewisham's Transport Strategy and Local Implementation Plan, Lewisham's Infrastructure Delivery Plan and Table 10.1 in the London Plan. Whilst the delivery of the spatial strategy is not dependent on the Bakerloo line extension the scheme will play a vital role in supporting growth and regeneration, particularly in the Opportunity Areas and the Bell Green and Lower Sydenham area. It will also help to address the increase in passenger demand arising from London's growth. Further details are set out in Policy TR2 (Bakerloo line extension).	Additional Modification to clarify the purpose and placement of Table 12.1.
AM42	Paragraph 12.10	12.10 The Secretary of State has made formal safeguarding Directions for the Bakerloo line extension which will support the project in safeguarding sites and routing alignment. The Bakerloo line extension will make a higher number of homes possible within the existing Opportunity Area and that proposed at Bell Green/Lower Sydenham. As such, the extension is a catalyst for change, providing an opportunity to enhance the transport offer at Lewisham town centre which will support and enable growth while also enhancing the public realm and connectivity. At Lewisham, it will also provide an improved strategic public transport hub with improved National Rail and DLR stations and bus services. The Directions require the local planning authority to consult TfL on planning applications within the safeguarding zone <sup>2</sup> . A map of the safeguarding Direction area is included on the Policies Map.	Additional Modification to delete superfluous inverted coma.

AM48	Paragraph 14.76	14.76 Development requirements	Additional Modification to reflect proper noun.
AM47	Paragraph 14.9	14.9 Lewisham's Central Area features the linked but complementary Major Centres of Lewisham and Catford. These centres together with the A21 road make up a strategic growth corridor within the Borough. A London Plan Opportunity Area broadly covers the extent of this corridor. To fully realise the growth potential of the Opportunity Area it is vital that the regeneration and renewal of the Major Centres is delivered and new transport infrastructure is secured, including the Bakerloo line extension and upgrade of Lewisham interchange, which is one of London's main strategic transport interchanges.	Additional Modification to correct typographical error.
	4 – Lewisham's Central / Paragraph 14.5		Additional Modification to correct typographic error.
Dout Thus	e – Lewisham's Neighbo		paragraph (see above).
AM45	Paragraph 12.44	12.44 The Manual for Streets should be referred for guidance on appropriate residual distances where development is located on a main road. In town centres and other high traffic areas, the minimum residual distance of 1.8 2 metres may not be sufficient to enable appropriate pedestrian flow, and the minimum width will be determined based on the number of pedestrians per square metre and pedestrian flows per minute.	Additional Modifications to correct factual position in minimum distances; and to renumber
AM44	Paragraph 12.42	Infrastructure and equipment design 12.42 It is important that digital connectivity infrastructure is of a high quality design and appropriately managed. This will ensure that development does not adversely impact on amenity, local character, heritage assets, open space and biodiversity and the functioning of the public realm. Development proposals should be sited and designed so to avoid or have the least detrimental visual impact and must respond positively to local character including the significance of heritage assets and their setting. Proposals should consider how to conceal equipment by using design treatments including colour, landscaping and GRP shrouds or screens	Additional Modifications to renumber paragraph (see above) and correct typographic error.
AM43	Paragraph 12.27	12.27 <u>The use of Measures such as</u> car clubs and electrically charged or Ultra-Low Emission vehicles can provide an alternative to car ownership and conventional gas fuelled vehicles. Development proposals <u>must make appropriate provision for rapid electrical vehicle charging points, also having regard to should have regard to Part S of Schedule 1 and regulation 44D of the Building Regulations 2010 on Electric Vehicle Charging Points (EVCP) provision and the Council's Low Emission Vehicle Charging Strategy<del>,</del>. However in light of the climate emergency the use of car clubs and Ultra- Low Emission vehicles will need to be carefully managed. Whilst electric vehicles reduce tailpipe emissions they are carbon-intensive to produce and still add to congestion, road danger and severance. They also generate Particulate Matter through tyre and brake wear and can therefore contribute to poor air quality.</u>	Additional Modifications to provide further clarity and correct typographic error. (AP41)
		There is not currently a safeguarding Direction for Phase 2 of the BLE (i.e. the phase extending south beyond Lewisham station) as this phase is in the design and feasibility stages. Applicants should consult the Mayor of London and TfL at the early stage of the planning process for the latest information on infrastructure requirements for the BLE. Where the preferred route is not confirmed, feasibility studies can be helpful to provide an indication of land or sites that may be essential to enable the delivery of the BLE.	

		<ol> <li>A mix of complementary main town centre uses, including community uses. Residential development may be acceptable on the land surrounding Ladywell Baths.</li> <li>Development must preserve and enhance the significance of heritage assets and their setting. This includes the former Ladywell Baths, the Grade II listed Coroners Court and Mortuary, Grade II* listed St Mary's church and churchyard, and St Mary's Conservation Area, including views within it.</li> <li>Development must provide for the full restoration of the Ladywell <del>baths</del> <u>Baths</u>.</li> </ol>	
		4. Desitive frontages along Ladywell Read	
Chapter 15	– Lewisham's North Are	4. Positive frontages along Ladywell Road	
AM49	Paragraph 15.4	15.4 The character of the North Area is also strongly informed by the layout of historic roads and railway infrastructure that dissects much of the area. This infrastructure contributes to severance and limits permeability and circulation within and between neighbourhoods and places. There are key movement corridors within the area linking to other parts of London, such as Surrey Canal Road, Evelyn Street (B200) and New Cross Road (A2). However these roads are dominated by vehicules vehicles, prone to traffic and congestion, and typically suffer from poorer quality public realm, which limits their suitability for movement by walking and cycling.	Additional Modification to correct spelling mistake.
AM50	Paragraph 15.12	15.12 The Local Plan designates a new Creative Enterprise Zone (CEZ) in North Lewisham. This is one of the first CEZs in the Capital and is backed by the Mayor of London. It reflects the strength of our cultural, creative and digital industries and their rapid growth in the Borough in recent years. The Local Plan aims to enable the conditions for these sectors to continue to prosper over the long-term. This includes a positive and proactive approach to managing industrial land in the North Area to intensify development on employment sites and secure the delivery of new high quality workspace, including low-cost and affordable workspace as well as artists' studio space, for which there is a demand. This approach is complemented by other measures targeted at boosting these employment sectors. They include the designation of Cultural Quarters at Deptford Creekside and New Cross as well as Night-time Economy Hubs. These other measures aim to build on the diversity and strengths of the area's historic High Streets and their surrounds, as well its cultural assets and education institutions.	Additional Modification to introduce acronym.
AM51	Paragraph 15.61	15.61 A hybrid application for outline for phases 2 – 5 and detailed design for Phase 1 was granted a resolution to approve in January 2022 for 3,518 residential floorspace units and a variety of non-residential floorspace.	Additional Modification to clarify factual position.
AM52	Paragraph 15.63	Opportunities 15.63 Surrey Canal Triangle is a large brownfield site covering an area of more than 10 hectares. Part of the site is owned by Renewal and part is owned by the Council. The site is bounded by railway lines and bisected by Surrey Canal Road, with the Millwall Football Club stadium occupying a prominent position within it. There are <u>26 27</u> existing residential units located on the site. Comprehensive redevelopment of the site is integral to supporting regeneration in the area, with the creation of a new high quality mixed-use quarter and leisure destination that will help to secure a viable future for Millwall FC on this site. There is scope for transformational public realm and environmental enhancements to address existing issues of severance, and which are necessary to re-connect and better integrate the site with its surrounding neighbourhoods and communities, as well as the area's wider network of open spaces.	Additional Modification to clarify factual position on site.
AM53	Paragraph 15.69	Opportunities 15.69 This vacant site is located in Kender Triangle, and is bounded mainly by Briant Street and Besson Street, with a small frontage onto New Cross Road to the north east. It is situated in proximity to New Cross Road local centre and New Cross Gate station Site redevelopment will bring a vacant site back into active use and provide a more optimal use of land, with the introduction of a complementary range of uses, including new housing and community facili-ties. Redevelopment will also enable	Additional Minor modification – introduce full stop at end of paragraph to correct grammar.

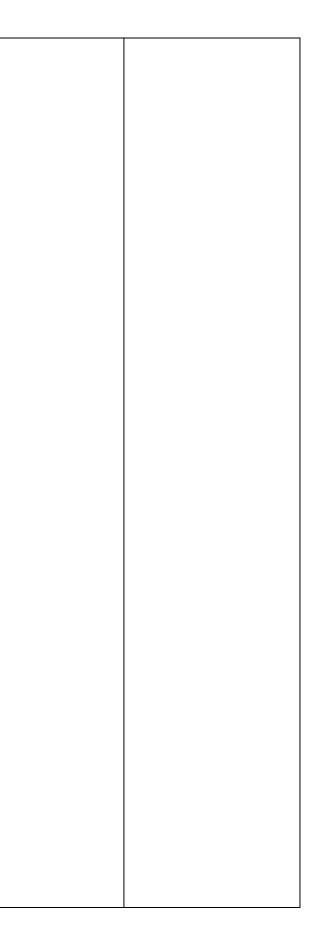
	1		1
		townscape improvements and public realm enhance-ments, including new public amenity space to act as a focal point for the neighbourhood.	
AM54	Site Allocation text Page 570 New Paragraph	Site allocation New and improved transport infrastructure, including land and facilities required to accommodate the Bakerloo line extension (BLE). Comprehensive mixed-use redevelopment with compatible main town centre and residential uses.	Additional Minor modification to introduce the acronym for the Bakerloo Line Extension.
			Additional Modification to introduce paragraph numbering. Following paragraphs renumbered accordingly.
AM55	New Paragraph	Opportunities The former site of the Hatcham Works is currently occupied by a retail park, including a Sainsbury's supermarket. <u>The foodstore covers a gross floorspace area of 5910 sqm.</u> The site is strategically located within the New Cross Gate District Centre, immediately to the west of New Cross Gate station and fronting New Cross Road. In March 2021 the Secretary of State issued a Safeguarding Direction for the BLE and this site has been identified as a temporary works site during the construction phase of the BLE. Redevelopment will enable the delivery of new and improved transport infrastructure, including a new station to accommodate the Bakerloo line extension. Development can make a more optimal use of land, with site intensification and the introduction of a wider range of uses to support the vitality and viability of the District Centre.	Additional Modification to introduce paragraph numbering. Consequential changes to subsequent paragraph numbering that follows (see below). Additional Modification to clarify the extent of the existing food stores floorspace.
AM56	Paragraph 15.97	<ul> <li>Existing planning consent:</li> <li>15.97-DC/18/106708 — Full application for part of the site, demolition of existing buildings at 1 Creekside and construction of 56 residential units and 1541m2 commercial space (B1).</li> <li>DC/23/131085 - Demolition of existing buildings and redevelopment of the site for a building comprising flexible employment floorspace (Use Class E(g)) and purpose-built student accommodation bedspaces (Use Class Sui Generis), with access and highway works, amenity spaces and cycle parking and associated works at 5-9 Creekside SE8.'</li> </ul>	Additional Modification to reflect factual planning status and history.
Chapter 16 –	⊥ Lewisham's East Area		
AM57	Paragraph 16.15	16.15 Comprehensive regeneration of 565 existing residential units within a housing estate to pro-vide provide 1,225 residential units (net 660), community and ancillary main town centre uses, with 782 units already completed. Rede-velopment redevelopment of existing buildings and spaces to facilitate a new layout with new and improved routes, both into and through the site, along with open space, public realm and environmental enhancements.	Additional Modifications to correct typographic errors and to clarify the difference between gross and net figures.

AM58	Paragraph 16.31	Opportunities	Additional Modification to clarify the extent of
		16.31 This site takes up a prominent position within Lee Green district town centre. It is currently occupied by a large format retail building and surface level car parking. <u>The existing foodstore covers a gross floorspace area of 6,672 sqm.</u> Comprehensive redevelopment and site intensification, along with the introduction of a wider range of uses, will provide a more optimal use of land to support the long-term vitality and viability of the town centre. Redevelopment will also enable public realm enhancements, better connecting the site to its immediate surrounds and wider town centre area.	the existing foodstore.
Chapter 17	7 – Lewisham's South A	rea	
AM59	Paragraph 17.20	Opportunities 17.20 The site comprises an out-of-centre retail park with large format buildings and car parking <u>and is located next to the former</u> <u>Bell Green Gas Holder site</u> . Redevelopment and site intensification, along with the introduction of a wider range of uses, will provide a more optimal use of land and support local area regeneration. There is scope to facilitate transformational public realm and environmental enhancements in coordination with other sites, and in accordance with an area framework for Bell Green and Lower Sydenham. The Pool River is adjacent to the site at its eastern edge, and development will enable measures to enhance the environmental quality and amenity value of the river, including by improving public access to it via Waterlink Way.	Additional Modification to clarify the factual relationship between the site allocation and the contamination issues anticipated on the adjoining Bell Green Gas Holder site.
AM60	Paragraph 17.24	Opportunities	Additional Modification to clarify the
AM61	Paragraph 17.28	17.24 The site comprises an out-of-centre supermarket and car parking. <u>The existing foodstore covers a gross area of 14,060</u> <u>sqm.</u> Redevelopment and site intensification, along with the introduction of a wider range of uses, can provide a more optimal use of land and support local area regeneration. There is scope to facilitate transformational public realm and environmental enhancements in coordination with other sites, and in accordance with an area framework for Bell Green and Lower Sydenham. <u>The site is located to the south of the former Bell Green Gas Holders</u> . The Pool River is adjacent to the site at its eastern edge, and development will enable measures to enhance the environmental quality and amenity value of the river, including by improving public access to it via Waterlink Way.	floorspace area of the existing food store. (AP173) Additional Modification to clarify the factual relationship between the site allocation and the contamination issues anticipated on the adjoining Bell Green Gas Holder site.
AMOT	Faragraph 17.20	17.28 The site comprises the Stanton Square Locally Significant Industrial Site. Redevelopment and site intensification, along with the co-location of commercial and other uses, can provide a more optimal use of land and support local area regeneration. There is scope to facilitate transformational public realm and environmental enhancements around the gyratory in coordination with other strategic sites. <u>The site is located to the south of the former Bell Green Gas Holders.</u>	to clarify the factual relationship between the site allocation and the contamination issues anticipated on the adjoining Bell Green Gas Holder site
AM62	New Paragraph	Site allocation Development for residential use (gypsy and traveller accommodation).	Additional Modification to introduce missing paragraph numbering – consequential modifications to subsequent paragraph numbering.

AM63	New Paragraph	Opportunities The site will c	contribute to addressing identified need arising in the Borough for gypsy and traveller accommodat	ion.
	– Lewisham's West Ar			
AM64	Paragraph 18.34	18.34 Develo	pment guidelines	
		1. Developme	ent and design options should be considered through early consultation with Transport for London	and N
		2. For comme Quarter.	ercial uses, priority should be given to flexible workspace that complements provision in the Forest	Hill C
		provides the	m should form an integral part of the design, taking into account the existing trees and the slope of opportunity to create different site levels and form public/semi-private/private spaces. Consideration new public square outside of the station entrance, helping to enhance a sense of arrival, with improved the station entrance.	n sho
		Area, and the	of development, including building heights, should respond positively to the setting of the Forest H locally listed building adjacent to the site's western boundary. New buildings should provide a stro ing built form on the other side of Waldram Place and Perry Vale.	
		the District Co width of the p Circular. <del>6. Ap</del>	ent should improve opportunities for walking, cycling and other active travel modes, creating a sense entre. Development should not result in a reduction in existing footway or carriageway space and v avements should be increased. Development should also enhance the pedestrian crossings acros oplicants should work in partnership with Thames Water and engage with them early to manage su sewers where applicable. There are no anticipated capacity concerns for the sewer on Devonshir	where ss the <del>irface</del>
		6. Applicants	should work in partnership with Thames Water and engage with them early to manage surface wa rs where applicable. There are no anticipated capacity concerns for the sewer on Devonshire Roa	ter an
Part Five -	Appendices and Sche	dules	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	- Appendices			
AM65	Appendix 1	Appendix 1:	Abbreviations	
		Table 20 1 A	bbreviations	
		ACV	Asset of Community Value	
		ALGG	All London Green Grid	
		APA	Archaeological Priority Area	
		ASLC	Area of special local character	
		AQA	Air Quality Assessment	
		AQFA	Air Quality Focus Area	
		AQMA	Air Quality Management Area	
		BLE	Bakerloo Line Extension	
		BREEAM	Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method	

	Additional Modification to introduce missing paragraph numbering – consequential modifications to subsequent paragraph numbering.
Network Rail. Cultural	Additional Modification to separate subsections.
ground that hould be given d interchange	
Conservation relationship	
f arrival into re possible the e South <del>e water and</del> <del>oad.</del>	
and divert	
	Additional Modification to introduce additional abbreviations/ acronyms.

CAZ	Central Activities Zone
CEZ	Creative Enterprise Zone
CHP	
	Combined heat and power Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers
-	
	Greenspace Information for Greater London
	Community Infrastructure Levy
CO2CO2	Carbon dioxide
DLR	Docklands Light Railway
EA	Environment Agency
EqIA	Equalities Impact Assessment
GLAAS	Greater London Archaeological Advisory Service
GIA	Gross Internal Area
GLA	Greater London Authority
GLHER	Greater London Historic Environment Record
Ha	Hectare
HIA	Health Impact Assessment
HMO	House in Multiple Occupation
HRA	Habitats Regulations Assessment
HSE	Health and Safety Executive
IA	Integrated Impact Assessment
MD	Index of Multiple Deprivation
kWh	Kilowatt hour
LDD	London Development Database
LEL	Local Employment Location
LHN	Local Housing Need
LSIS	Locally Significant Industrial Sites
LVMF	London View Management Framework
MEL	Mixed Use Employment Location
MHGLC	Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government
ММО	Marine Management Organisation
MOL	Metropolitan Open Land
NHS	National Health Service
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen dioxide
NOx	Oxides of nitrogen, or nitrogen oxides: a mixture of nitric oxide and nitrogen dioxide
NPPG	National Planning Practice Guidance
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
OA	Opportunity Area
PBSA	Purpose-Built Student Accommodation
POS	Public Open Space
PSA	Primary Shopping Area
PTAL	Public Transport Access Level
RIGS	Regionally-Important Geological Sites
100	Negionally-Important Geological Siles



		SAC	Special Areas of Conservation				
		SAC	Strategic Environmental Assessment				
		SELJWPG	Surface Environmental Assessment South East London Joint Waste Planning Group				
		SELGWPG	The South East London Combined Heat and Power Plant				
		SHLAA	Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment				
		SHMA	Strategic Housing Market Assessment				
		SIL	Strategic Industrial Location				
		SINC	Site of Importance for Nature Conservation				
		SFRA	Strategic Flood Risk Assessment				
		SMEs	Small and medium-sized enterprises (including micro-businesses)				
		SPA	Special Protection Areas				
		SPG	Supplementary Planning Guidance				
		Sqm	Square metres				
		SUDs	Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems				
		TE2100	Thames Estuary 2100 Plan				
		TER	Target Emission Rate				
		TfL	Transport for London				
		UGS	Urban Green Space				
		UGF	Urban Greening Factor				
		VBC	Vacant Building Credit				
		WHS	World Heritage Sites				
		WFD	European Water Framework Directive (WFD)				
AM66	Appendix 2	Appendix 2: 0	Glossary	Additional Modification			
		_		to correct grammatical			
				corrections.			
			age Design principle in which the the front of a building is designed to generate visual interest, activity and between the building interior and the space outside of it, particularly at the ground floor or street level. An active				
			nally forms part of a positive frontage of a building located within a town centre. See also Positive frontage.	Additional			
		I nontage norm	hany forms part of a positive nontage of a building located within a town centre. See also I ositive nontage.	Modifications to			
		Affordable h	ousing See National Planning Policy Framework and London Plan policy H4. See also Genuinely affordable	introduce additional			
		housing.	definitions to provide				
				further clarity. (AP25,			
		Affordable h	AP68 and AP119)				
		the Capital.					
		Cosial D	ant. These are homes for howesholds an low incomes where root levels are based on the formulas in the Casial				
			<ul> <li>Social Rent These are homes for households on low incomes where rent levels are based on the formulas in the Social Housing Regulator's Rent Standard Guidance.</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>London Affordable Rent These are homes for households on low incomes where rent levels are based on the formulas in the Social Housing Regulator's Rent Standard Guidance.</li> <li>London Living Rent These offer Londoners on average incomes a lower rent, enabling them to save for a deposit.</li> </ul>					
			Shared Ownership An intermediate ownership product which allows London households who would struggle to				
			the open market, to purchase a share in a new home and pay a low rent on the remaining, unsold, share.				
1							

Affordable workspace Workspace that is provided at rents maintained below the market rate for that space for a sp cultural, or economic development purpose.
Agent of Change A principle that places the responsibility of mitigating the impact of nuisances from existing nuisan uses on the proposed new development. See London Plan Policy D13.
Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) An area which a local authority had designated for action, based upon a pre air quality objectives will be exceeded.
Air quality neutral An air quality neutral development is one that meets, or improves upon, the air quality neutral be published in guidance from the Greater London Authority.
Allotments and community gardens Opportunities for people who wish to grow their own produce as part of the lopromotion of sustainability, health, and social inclusion.
Amenity Element of a location or neighbourhood that helps to make it attractive or enjoyable for residents and visito
Amenity space The outside space of a building normally associated with housing. It may be private or shared, depertually building it serves.
Ancient or veteran tree A tree which, because of its age, size and condition, is of exceptional biodiversity, cultural or value. All ancient trees are veteran trees. Not all veteran trees are old enough to be ancient but are old relative to othe the same species. Very few trees of any species reach the ancient life-stage.
Ancient woodland An area that has been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. It includes ancient semi-nat and plantations on ancient woodland sites (PAWS).
Archaeological interest There will be archaeological interest in a heritage asset if it holds, or potentially may hold, a past human activity worthy of expert investigation at some point. Heritage assets with archaeological interest are the source of evidence about the substance and evolution of places, and of the people and cultures that made them.
Areas of deficiency in access to nature Areas where people have to walk more than one kilometre to reach a pub accessible Metropolitan or Borough Site of Importance for Nature (SINC).
Areas of deficiency in access to public open space Areas lacking in sufficient publicly accessible open space, as set of standards in Policy G4 of the London Plan.
Article 4 Direction A tool used by local planning authorities to remove some or all permitted development rights that particular site or area.
B Back gardens Private amenity areas that were the entire back garden of a dwelling or dwellings as originally design
Backland site Landlocked site to the rear of street frontages not historically in garden use such as builders builders workshops and warehouses, and garages.

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<b>Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)</b> A levy allowing local authorities to raise funds from owners or developers of I undertaking new building projects in their area to pay for infrastructure projects identified by the Local Authority and/o of London.
<b>Conservation (heritage)</b> The process of maintaining and managing change to a heritage asset in a way that sustain appropriate, enhances its significance
<b>Conservation Area</b> Areas of special architectural or historic interest designated by local authorities under the Planni Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.
<b>Creative Enterprise Zone (CEZ)</b> A Mayor of London initiative to establish clusters of creative production, which provaffordable premises and enterprise-related incentives for artists and creative businesses, pro-culture planning and hopolicies, and offer career pathways and creative jobs for local communities and young people.
<b>Creative industries</b> Those industries which have their origin in individual creativity, skill and talent which have a pote wealth and job creation through the generation and exploitation of intellectual property.
<b>Cultural Quarters</b> Areas where a critical mass of cultural activities and related uses, usually in historic or interesting environments, are designated as Cultural Quarters.
D Decentralised energy Local renewable and local low-carbon energy sources.
<b>Design and Access statement</b> A statement that accompanies a planning application to explain the design principles concepts that have informed the development and how access issues have been dealt with.
<b>Designated heritage asset</b> World Heritage Site, Scheduled Monument, Listed Building, Protected Wreck Site, Regist and Garden, Registered Battlefield or Conservation Area designated under the relevant legislation.
Development Plan For Lewisham this comprises The London Plan, Lewisham Local Plan and Neighbourhood Plans
<b>Digital infrastructure</b> Infrastructure, such as small cell antenna and ducts for cables, that supports fixed and mobile and therefore underpins smart technologies.
District Centre See London Plan, Annex 1.
<b>District heating network</b> A network of pipes carrying hot water or steam, usually underground that connects heat prequipment with heat customers. They can range from several metres to several kilometres in length.
<b>Dual aspect dwelling</b> A dual aspect dwelling is defined as one with openable windows on two external walls, which on opposite sides of a dwelling or on adjacent sides of a dwelling where the external walls of a dwelling wrap around a building. The provision of a bay window does not constitute dual aspect.
Dwelling A self-contained unit of residential accommodation; also referred to as a 'residential unit'.
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<b>Embodied carbon / energy / emissions</b> The total life cycle carbon, energy, greenhouse gases used in the collectio manufacture, transportation, assembly, recycling and disposal of a given material or product.
<b>Energy efficiency</b> Making the best or most efficient use of energy in order to achieve a given output of goods or ser comfort and convenience
Energy Hierarchy Tiered approach to reducing carbon dioxide emissions in the built environment. See London Plan
F <b>Family housing</b> A dwelling that by virtue of its size, layout and design is suitable for a family to live in and generally bedrooms. Also referred to as family-sized housing or homes.
<b>Flood Risk Assessment</b> (FRA) An assessment of the likelihood of flooding in a particular area (usually a specific sit development needs and mitigation measures can be carefully considered.
Formal amenity greenspace: Green spaces which provide opportunities for leisure activities close to home or work contributing to the character and morphology of the area.
<b>G</b> <b>Genuinely affordable Housing</b> In Lewisham, genuinely affordable housing is housing at social rent levels or the GL Affordable Rent level (in Lewisham this is GLA London Affordable Rent minus the 1 per cent above Consumer Price
Geodiversity The range of rocks, minerals, fossils, soils and landforms.
<b>Good Growth</b> This is growth that is socially and economically inclusive and environmentally sustainable. See also L Chapter 1.
<b>Green Belt</b> A designated area of open land around London (or other urban areas). The fundamental aim of Green Belt prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open; the essential characteristics of Green Belts are their openn permanence.
<b>Green corridor</b> Relatively continuous areas of open space leading through the built environment, which may be link not be publicly accessible to each other and to the Green Belt or Metropolitan Open Land. They often consist of river embankments and cuttings, roadside verges, canals, parks, playing fields and extensive areas of private gardens. The animals and plants to be found further into the built-up area than would otherwise be the case and provide an extension habitats of the sites they join.
<b>Green cover</b> The total area covered by vegetation and water across London. It not only includes publicly accessible managed vegetated land (i.e. green space) and waterways, but also non-accessible green and blue spaces, as well owned vegetated land including private gardens and agricultural land, and the area of vegetated cover on buildings a wider built environment such as green roofs, street trees and rain gardens
<b>Green industries</b> Business sector that produces goods or services which, compared to other more commonly used services, are less harmful to the environment.
Green infrastructure A network of multi-functional green space, urban and rural, which is capable of delivering a wide environmental and quality of life benefits for local communities.

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Green roofs and walls Planting on roofs or walls to provide climate change, amenity, food growing and recreational
<b>Green space</b> All vegetated open space of public value (whether publicly or privately owned), including parks, woodly reserves, gardens and sports fields, which offer opportunities for sport and recreation, wildlife conservation and other such as storing flood water, and can provide an important visual amenity in the urban landscape
Greenfield runoff rate The runoff rate from a site in its natural state, prior to any development.
<b>Greenhouse gas</b> Any gas that induces the greenhouse effect, trapping heat within the atmosphere that would norm space, resulting in an increase in average atmospheric temperatures, contributing to climate change. Examples includioxide, methane and nitrous oxides.
<b>Greening</b> The improvement of the appearance, function and wildlife value of the urban environment through soft lan of vegetation or water.
<b>Gypsy and Traveller</b> Persons of nomadic habit of life whatever their race or origin, including such persons who on of their own or their family's or dependants' educational or health needs or old age have ceased to travel temporarily excluding members of an organised group of travelling showpeople or circus people travelling together as such.
H Habitable room A habitable room is any room used or intended to be used for sleeping, cooking, living or eating pur Enclosed spaces such as bath or toilet facilities, corridors, hallways, utility rooms or similar should not be considered rooms.
Health Impact Assessment (HIA) Used as a systematic framework to identify the potential impacts of a development policy or plan on the health and wellbeing of the population and highlight any health inequalities that may arise.
Heritage asset A building, monument, site, place, area or landscape identified as having a degree of significance me consideration in planning decisions, because of its heritage interest. It includes designated heritage assets and asset by the local planning authority (including local listing).
Historic environment All aspects of the environment resulting from the interaction between people and places throu including all surviving physical remains of past human activity, whether visible, buried or submerged, and landscape or managed flora.
<b>Historic Environment Record</b> Information services that seek to provide access to comprehensive and dynamic restriction relating to the historic environment of a defined geographic area for public benefit and use.
House in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Dwellings which are shared by three or more tenants who form two or more and share a kitchen, bathroom or toilet. HMOs for between three and six people are classed as C4 (except for areas an Article 4 Direction) whereas HMOs for more than six people are Sui Generis.
Household waste Household waste includes waste from collection rounds of domestic properties (including separate the collection of recyclables), street cleansing and litter collection, beach cleansing, bulky household waste collection household waste collections, household clinical waste collections, garden waste collections, and any other household collected by the waste authorities.

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<b>Inclusive design</b> Inclusive design results in an environment which everyone can use, to access and benefit from the opportunities available; confidently, independently, with choice and dignity, which avoids separation or segregation a of places and spaces that acknowledge diversity and difference, meeting the needs of everyone in society.
Industrial Land This is defined as land used for the production, processing, repair, maintenance or storage of good
Infill Development Development that takes place on vacant or undeveloped sites between other developments and
Informal Amenity Greenspace Informal recreation spaces and geenspaces in and around residential blocks but no relating to estate amenity space.
Informal recreation space Social space that allows people – often but not exclusively young people aged 12+ - to together, socialise and participate in informal recreation or physical activity. It is less explicitly defined than formal op closely linked to the definition of amenity green space. However, it differs in that it can provide an additional offering seating and youth shelters and does not necessarily have to include grassland and other forms of planting.
<b>Infrastructure</b> Term used to describe the facilities and services for local people to live their everyday lives. Infrastrum many forms; it can be defined in physical, green and social terms, and can range from strategic provision, such as a school, to the creation of a local play-space.
Intermediate Housing See National Planning Policy Framework and London Plan policy H6.
L Legibility The extent to which a place can be easily understood and traversed.
<b>Lewisham Transport Interchange</b> This includes the mainline railway station, the DLR station and the bus layover s the area sandwiched between both station buildings and the large roundabout that links the A20 and the A21.
<b>Listed Building</b> Buildings of special architectural or historic interest designated by the Department of Culture, Media under the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.
<b>Liveable neighbourhood</b> A neighbourhood that supports living, working, commerce and culture within its area, alor encouraging and enabling sustainable modes of travel, particularly walking and cycling. It also refers to the suitabilit desirability of an environment for people of all backgrounds, ages and abilities.
Local Centre See London Plan, Annex 1.
Local view A local line of sight from a particular point to an important local landmark, view or skyline.
<b>Locally Listed buildings</b> These are buildings of historic or architectural interest at the local level. Although they are protected, in general, close scrutiny will be given to any development affecting them.
London Panorama A broad prospect seen from an elevated public viewing place.
<b>London Plan</b> The London Plan is the spatial development strategy for all of London. It is prepared by the Mayor of Greater London Authority. In London, Local Plans must be in general conformity with the London Plan.

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Low Emission Zone Charging zone across most of Greater London for vehicles (excluding cars) that do not meet e standards
M Main Town Centre Uses Retail development (including warehouse clubs and factory outlet centres); leisure, entertar more intensive sport and recreation uses (including cinemas, restaurants, drive-through restaurants, bars and pubs, casinos, health and fitness centres, indoor bowling centres and bingo halls); offices; and arts, culture and tourism de (including theatres, museums, galleries and concert halls, hotels and conference facilities). See also National Pla Framework.
Major Centre See London Plan, Annex 1.
<b>Major Development</b> For housing, development where 10 or more homes will be provided, or the site has an area of or more. For non-residential development it means additional floor space of 1,000m2 or more, or a site of 1 hectare otherwise provided in the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 Market squares
<b>Masterplan</b> A document which sets out land use principles and/or proposals for the layout and design of buildings, s transport and movement of people and vehicles, and supporting infrastructure along with a delivery strategy. A master cover an individual site, multiple sites and/or a wider strategic area, such as a town centre.
<b>Metropolitan Open Land</b> Extensive areas of land bounded by urban development around London that fulfils a simil Green Belt and is protected from inappropriate development by land-use planning policies.
Metropolitan Town Centre See London Plan, Annex 1.
<b>Mixed use Employment Location (MEL)</b> Designated land within Lewisham's employment land hierarchy. MELs con redundant and/or underused industrial sites where plan-led, mixed- redeveloped. <b>Mixed-use development</b> Development for a variety of activities on single sites or across wider areas such as town
N <u>Natural and Semi-natural Greenspace Access to nature, wildlife conservation, biodiversity and environmental education</u> awareness.
<b>Natural surveillance</b> When buildings around a space are designed with features that are likely to lead to people over space. These may be windows, balconies, front gardens or entrances.
<b>Nature conservation</b> Protection, management and promotion for the benefit of wild species and habitats, as well as communities that use and enjoy them. This also covers the creation and re-creation of wildlife habitats and the techn protect genetic diversity and can be used to include geological conservation.
Neighbourhood Open Space Open spaces that are not designated on the Policies Map but make an important con liveability of neighbourhoods. These can include but are not limited to green spaces. Their primary function consists following: 'provision for children and young people', 'informal amenity green space' and 'market squares and hard-su designed for pedestrians'.
<b>Neighbourhood Plan</b> A statutory plan prepared by a designated neighbourhood forum that contains non-strategic p policies for a designated neighbourhood area.

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ainment and , nightclubs, evelopment lanning Policy	
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<b>Noise and vibration assessment</b> An assessment of noise and vibration that is either; existing and may impact upor development, or that would be caused by new development and could impact upon the existing environment.
North facing North facing windows are generally defined as any windows within 45 degrees of due north.
O Older people People over or approaching retirement age, including the active, newly-retired through to the very frail whose housing needs can encompass accessible, adaptable general needs housing through to the full range of retire specialised housing for those with support or care needs Open space Land that is predominantly undeveloped other than by buildings or structures that are ancillary to the op use. The definition covers the broad range of types of open space within Lewisham, both designated and non-design whether in public or private ownership and whether public access is unrestricted, limited or restricted.
<b>Opportunity Area</b> London's principal opportunities for accommodating large scale development to provide substanti new employment and housing, each typically more than 5,000 jobs and/or 2,500 homes, with a mixed and intensive and assisted by good public transport accessibility.
Original Building A building as it existed on 1 July 1948 or, if constructed after 1 July 1948, as it was built originally.
Outdoor Sports Facility Participation in outdoor sports, such as pitch sports, tennis, bowls, athletics or countryside sports.
<b>Outstanding Universal Value</b> Cultural and/or natural significance that is so exceptional that it transcends national be and is of common importance for both present and future generations. An individual Statement of Outstanding Unive agreed and adopted by the UNESCO World Heritage Committee for each World Heritage Site at the time of its inscri Value can be expressed by physical, architectural or intangible attributes that are embodied in the buildings, spaces, artefacts and archaeological deposits within the site, the setting and views of and from it.
P Parks and gardens Urban parks, country parks and formal gardens. Accessible, high quality opportunities for inform and community events. More multi-functional than other open space, offering space for quiet relaxation as well as a r amenities and activities for visitors. Parks often include children's playspace, youth space and/or outdoor sports facili
<b>People with disabilities</b> People have a disability if they have a physical or mental impairment, and that impairment substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. These persons incluin not limited to, people with ambulatory difficulties, blindness, learning difficulties, autism and mental health needs.
Permeability The extent to which an area has a variety of pleasant, convenient and safe routes through it by walking
<b>Permitted Development Rights</b> A general planning permission granted not by the local authority but by Parliament. (currently the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development (England) Order 2015) sets out classes of development for which a grant of planning permission is automatically given, provided that no restrictive condition is that the development is exempt from the permitted development rights.
<b>Planning condition</b> A condition imposed on a grant of planning permission (in accordance with the Town and Count Act 1990) or a condition included in a Local Development Order or Neighbourhood Development Order.

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	<b>Planning obligation</b> A legal agreement entered into under section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 impacts of a development proposal. See also Section 106 agreements.
	<b>Playing field</b> The whole of a site which encompasses at least one playing pitch as defined in the Town and Country (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015.
	<b>Policies Map</b> A part of the Local Plan illustrating the policies and showing the location of proposals on an Ordnance map.
	<b>Positive frontage</b> Design principle in which the front of the building is designed to create or enhance visual interes clear and legible articulation of buildings and their facades, and add vitality to the street or public realm. A positive fincorporate an active frontage at the ground floor or street level. See also Active frontage.
	<b>Previously Developed Land</b> Land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the land (although it should not be assumed that the whole of the curtilage should be developed) and any associated fix infrastructure. This excludes: land that is or was last occupied by agricultural or forestry buildings; land that has been for minerals extraction or waste disposal by landfill, where provision for restoration has been made through develop management procedures; land in built-up areas such as residential gardens, parks, recreation grounds and allotme that was previously developed but where the remains of the permanent structure or fixed surface structure have ble landscape.
	Primary Shopping Area (PSA) Defined area where retail development is concentrated.
	<b>Priority habitats</b> Habitats of principal importance identified under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Act 2006. Most areas of priority habitat are protected within Sites of importance for Nature Conservation
	<b>Priority species</b> Species that are a conservation priority because they are under particular threat, or they are chara particular region.
	<b>Private rented sector</b> All non-owner-occupied self-contained dwellings that are being rented out as housing (not in of affordable housing).
	<b>Protected species</b> Certain plant and animal species protected to various degrees in law, particularly the Wildlife an Act, 1981 (as amended).
	Provision for Children and Young People Areas designed primarily for play and social interaction involving childr people, such as equipped play areas, ball courts, skateboard areas and teenage shelters.
	<b>Public realm</b> The publicly accessible space between and around buildings, including streets, squares, forecourts, paces
	<b>Public Transport Access Level (PTAL)</b> The extent and ease of access by public transport, or, where it can reason as a proxy, the degree of access to the public transport network. PTALs are calculated across London using a grid of 100m intervals. For each point walk time to the public transport network is combined with service wait time (frequer measure of public transport network density.
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<b>Quiet Areas</b> The Environmental Noise (England) Regulations 2006 (as amended) require that Noise Action Plans for agglomerations (including much of Greater London) include provisions that aim to protect any formally identified 'Qui an increase in road, railway, aircraft and industrial noise.
<b>R</b> <b>Recycling</b> Involves the reprocessing of waste, either into the same product or a different one. Many non-hazardous as paper, glass, cardboard, plastics and metals can be recycled. Hazardous wastes such as solvents can also be recycled specialist companies, or by in-house equipment.
<b>Renewable Energy</b> Energy derived from a source that is continually replenished, such as wind, wave, solar, hydroel energy from plant material, but not fossil fuels or nuclear energy. Although not strictly renewable, geothermal energy included.
<b>Retrofitting</b> The addition of new technology or features to existing buildings in order to make them more efficient and their environmental impacts.
Riverside The bank or area alongside a river.
<b>S</b> <b>Safeguarded Wharves</b> A network of sites that have been safeguarded for cargo handling uses such as intraport or to movements and freight-related purposes by Safeguarding Directions.
<b>Secondary heat</b> To recover useful energy, in the form of heat, from sources where processes or activities produce h normally wasted (for example recovering heat from the Underground network) or from heat that exists naturally within environment (air, ground and water).
<b>Section 106 agreements</b> These agreements confer planning obligations on persons with an interest in land in order the implementation of relevant planning policies as authorised by Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act also Planning obligation.
<b>Self-build and custom-build housing</b> Housing built by an individual, a group of individuals, or persons working with to be occupied by that individual. Such housing can be either market or affordable housing. A legal definition, for the papplying the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015 (as amended), is contained in section 1(A1) and (A2) of the section 1(A1) and (A2) a
<b>Sequential approach</b> As defined in the National Planning Policy Framework, paragraph 86 in relation to planning ap town centre uses and paragraph 158 in relation to flood risk.
Serviced accommodation In the context of visitor accommodation this includes hotels, bed & breakfasts, guest hou hostels where services such as catering and cleaning are provided to guests.
Setting of a heritage asset The surroundings in which a heritage asset is experienced. Its extent is not fixed and ma the asset and its surroundings evolve. Elements of a setting may make a positive or negative contribution to the sign asset, may affect the ability to appreciate that significance or may be neutral.
Shell and core A commercial development where all internal finishes and services are left out, for provision by the te
Significance of a heritage asset The value of a heritage asset to this and future generations because of its heritage interest may be archaeological, architectural, artistic or historic. Significance derives not only from a heritage asset's

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presence, but also from its setting. For World Heritage Sites, the cultural value described within each site's Statemer Outstanding Universal Value forms part of its significance.
Single family house Self-contained house occupied by a single family. Also referred to as single family home.
Site allocation A type of Local Plan policy which establishes land-use principles and requirements for new development specific location.
Site of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC) Areas of land chosen to represent the best wildlife habitats in areas of land where people can experience nature close to where they live and work. Sites are classified into Sites of Metropolitan, Borough and Local Importance depending on their relative value. Unlike SSSIs, SINCs are not legally their value must be considered in any land use planning decision. Procedures for the identification of SINCs are set of Appendix 5 of the Mayor's London Environment Strategy.
<b>Social infrastructure</b> Covers facilities such as health provision, early years provision, schools, colleges and univers community, recreation and sports facilities, places of worship, policing and other criminal justice or community safety children and young people's play and informal recreation facilities. This list is not intended to be exhaustive and other be included as social infrastructure. Also referred to as Community infrastructure.
<b>Special Areas of Conservation</b> Areas defined by regulation 3 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulation which have been given special protection as important conservation sites.
Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) The Statement of Community Involvement sets out the local planning policy for involving the community in the preparation and revision of Local Development Documents and planning ap
Strategic Areas for Regeneration These areas are the Census Local Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in greatest socioneed. They fall within the 20 per cent most deprived LSOAs in England, using the Index of Multiple Deprivation.
Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) An assessment usually under taken by a Local Authority at a borough–v considers flood risk, both fluvial and tidal and examines the risks involved for developing certain areas within the bord accordance with the NPPF.
Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) An assessment of land availability for housing which in London Plan and borough local development documents
Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) An assessment of housing need and demand which informs the Le and borough local development documents
Strategic Industrial Location (SIL) London's largest concentrations main reservoirs of industrial, logistics and relate for uses that support the functioning of London's economy.
Strategic Open Space: Open spaces that are significant to the Borough's open space and green infrastructure network open spaces are designated on the Policies Map. Their function includes the following typologies: 'parks and gardens' and semi-natural greenspace', 'allotments and community gardens', 'outdoor sports facilities and playing fields', 'form green space' and 'cemeteries, churches and disused churchyards'.
<b>Streetscape</b> The appearance of the street as a whole incorporating the road, kerb and gutter, verges, fences, trees a frontages.

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and building	

<b>Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)</b> Document which adds further detail to the policies in the development are capable of being a material consideration in planning decisions but are not part of the development plan.
<b>Sustainable development</b> Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of fut generations to meet their own needs. See also National Planning Policy Framework.
Sustainable Drainage This is an infrastructure approach that seeks to managing surface water run-off from building hardstandings in a way that reduces its total volume, flow and rate that runs directly into drains and sewers.
Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) Using sustainable drainage techniques and managing surface water run-or buildings and hardstandings in a way that reduces the total volume, flow and rate of surface water that runs directly i and sewers.
Sustainable transport modes Any efficient, safe and accessible means of transport with overall low impact on the e including walking, cycling and public transport.
T Thames Policy Area A special policy area to be defined by boroughs in which detailed appraisals of the riverside wi
<b>Town Centre</b> Area defined on the local authority's policies map, including the primary shopping area and areas pred occupied by main town centre uses within or adjacent to the primary shopping area. References to town centres or to city centres, town centres, district centres and local centres but exclude small parades of shops of purely neighbor significance. Unless they are identified as centres in the development plan, existing out-of-centre developments, con including main town centre uses, do not constitute town centres.
<b>Transport Assessment</b> A comprehensive and systematic process that sets out transport issues relating to a propose development. It identifies measures required to improve accessibility and safety for all modes of travel, particularly for to the car such as walking, cycling and public transport, and measures that will be needed deal with the anticipated to impacts of the development
<b>Transport for London</b> One of the GLA group of organisations, accountable to the Mayor, with responsibility for delive integrated and sustainable transport strategy for London.
<b>Transport statement</b> A simplified version of a transport assessment where it is agreed the transport issues arising f development proposals are limited and a full transport assessment is not required.
<b>Travel plan</b> A long-term management strategy for an organisation or site that seeks to deliver sustainable transport is regularly reviewed
<b>Tree Preservation Order (TPO)</b> May be made to protect individual trees or groups of trees. The Order gives protect unauthorised felling, lopping, or other tree works.
<b>Trees of value</b> Trees that have the capacity to deliver eco-system benefits in the form of absorbing carbon dioxide a oxygen and to filter, absorb and reduce other pollutant gasses including sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen ozone. To achieve improved air quality, trees of value will have large deciduous canopies or have the potential to det the future.

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		This Appendix must be read in conjunction with Local Plan policy EC19 (Public Houses), which sets out requirements for submission of viability and marketing information to support certain types of development proposals. The Council may use its discretion in the application of the requirements on a case-by-case basis. This may include, for instance, to take provide flexibility where development proposals involve the retention of a public house in-situ. Viability statement In order to ensure that the Council can make a sound assessment when a change of use is proposed, applicants will be required	correct typographic errors and consequential renumbering (of appendices – see above).
AM67	Appendix 5	*These definitions have been referenced primarily from the NPPF (2021) and The London Plan (2021). Appendix 5: Further information on proposals for public houses	Additional Modifications to
		Z Zero-carbon Activity that causes no net release of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere.	
		<ul> <li>Waterlink Way A long distance cycle/pedestrian route following the River Ravensbourne from the south of the borough to the Thames at Deptford.</li> <li>Windfall development (sites) Sites not specifically allocated in the development plan.</li> </ul>	
		W Water spaces Areas covered by water including the River Thames and other rivers, canals, reservoirs, lakes and ponds.	
		Visitor accommodation Leisure and business accommodation that provides temporary overnight accommodation on a commercial basis, including serviced accommodation such as hotels, bed and breakfast, guesthouses, hostels and campus accommodation, and non-serviced accommodation such as self-catering apart-hotels, caravans and camping.	
		Viability review mechanism A review of development viability defined with a Section 106 agreement enabling the reassessment of development viability after permission has been granted, at an early, mid or late stage in the development process. These mechanisms address uncertainties in the application stage assessment of viability to enable the maximum level of affordable housing provision over the lifetime of a proposal.	
		V Viability assessment An assessment of the financial viability of a development to determine the maximum level of affordable housing and other policy requirements where relevant. These should be undertaken in line with the methodology and approach set out in London Plan Policy H5 and the Mayor's Affordable Housing and Viability SPG.	
		<b>Urban greening</b> The process of adding green infrastructure elements, such as street trees and green roofs, in urban areas. <b>Urban Greening Factor (UGF)</b> A land-use planning tool to help determine the amount of greening required in new developments.	

1. Evidence in the form of at least the last three trading years of audited accounts.
2. All reasonable efforts have been made to preserve the public house (including all diversification options explored supplied to illustrate that it would not be economically viable to retain the building or site for its existing use class. E initiatives or proposals that could be explored are as follows:
a. <del>a.</del> adding a kitchen and serving food, or improving the existing food offer b. making the pub, garden, food offer more 'family-friendly'
<ul> <li>c. providing events and entertainment such as quiz nights, amplified or non-amplified live music, comedy/cabaret n</li> <li>d. hiring rooms out or otherwise providing a venue for local meetings, community groups, businesses, youth groups</li> <li>nurseries</li> </ul>
e. offering take-away food and off-licence services f. f. provision of bed & breakfast or other guest accommodation
g. sharing the premises with other businesses h. altering business and operating hours.
Marketing statement The Council will require clear evidence of appropriate marketing to show a lack of demand for the public house. The submission of a Marketing statement including the following information:
1. Details of the company/person who carried out the marketing exercise.
2. The marketing process should last for at least <del>36 months</del> three-years.
3. The asking price should be pre-agreed in writing with the local planning authority following independent valuation the developer) by a professional RICS valuer with expertise in the licensed leisure sector and who is not engaged t property.
4. The marketing exercise should be sufficiently thorough and utilise all available forms of advertising media and the as a minimum:
a. a for Sale/for Rent signboard b. <del>b</del> adverts in the local press
c. adverts in appropriate trade magazines/ journals d. adverts on appropriate trade websites
e. adverts through both national and local estate agents (including their websites) and f. a targeted mail shot or email to an agreed list of potential purchasers.
Local consultation and use of the public house by community and voluntary organisations The use of public house space for community groups is a valued resource and evidence will be required demonstra
consultation has taken place with local community and voluntary organisations. The applicant will be required to ca assessment of the needs of the community for community facilities to show that the existing or former public house needed and that alternative provision is available in the area.
Where there is local need, this use should be retained or replaced within the building, unless an alternative approace identified and agreed. The retention of the ground floor for non-residential use will help maintain street activity and a neighbourhood.

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		retention is significant.		
<u>Chapter 21 –</u>		Cabadula 4. Otratagia and lagal viewa vietas and		
AM68 Schedule 1	Schedule 1: Strategic and local views, vistas and	lanomarks		
		Table 21.1: Table showing designated views and	local landmarks	
		SITE ADDRESS	EASTING (X) COORDINATE	NORTHING (Y) DINATE COORDINATE
	LONDON STRATEGIC VIEWS			
		Blackheath Point to Central London	538,306	176,822
		Greenwich Park to Central London		
		Parliament Hill to Central London		
		Kenwood to Central London		
		Primrose Hill to Central London		
		Alexandra Palace to Central London		
		LOCAL LANDMARKS		
	Horniman Museum (front façade) at London Road, Forest Hill	534,860	173,105	
	The Apostles (formerly Christ Church) at Church Rise, Forest Hill	535,747	172,819	
	St. Bartholomew's Church at Westwood Hill, Sydenham	535,096	171,671	
	St Pauls Church at Marry Ann Gardens, Deptford	537,287	177,480	
	St Mary's the Virgin Parish Church at Lewisham High Street, Lewisham	537,942	174,836	
	Ladywell Water Tower at Dressington Avenue, Ladywell	537,260	174,556	
		Lewisham Clock Tower at Lewisham High Street, Lewisham	538,332	175,596
	All Saints Church at All Saints Drive, Blackheath	539,549	176,275	
		Livesey Memorial Hall	<u>536,545</u>	<u>172,105</u>
	LEWISHAM LOCAL VIEWS			
	Horniman Gardens at London Road, Forest Hill	534,860	173,237	
	Telegraph Hill Upper Park at Kitto Road, Telegraph Hill	537,458	176,070	
		Foreshore at Strand, North Deptford	536,848	178,584
		Blythe Hill Fields at Blyte Hill Lane, Blythe Hill Hill	536,614	173,824
		Hilly Fields at Vicars Hill, Brockley	537,347	175,309
		Mountsfield Park at Stainton Road, Hither Green	538,415	173,924

		Forster Memorial Park at V Downham Sydenham Hill Ridge towa	·	538,771	172,226
		London			
AM69	Schedule 2	Schedule 2: Designated her	itage assets		
		Table 21.2: Table showing d	lesignated heritage as	sets	
		CONSERVATION AREAS			
		Beckenham Place Park	Forest Hill	St Joh	ns
		Belmont	Halifax Street	St Ma	rys
		Blackheath	Hatcham	St Pai	
		Brockley	Jews walk	St Ste	phens
		Brookmill Road	Ladywell	Stans	tead Grove
		Christmas Estate	Lee Manor	Syder	ham Hill <del>/ Mount Hill</del>
		Cobbs Corner	Lewisham Park	Syder	ham Park
		Culverley Green	Mercia Grove	Syder	ham Thorpes
		Deptford Creekside	Perry Vale and the Christmas Estate	Telegr	aph Hill
		Deptford High Street & St Pauls <u>Church</u>	Perry Fields		
		Deptford Town Hall	Somerset Gardens		
		ARTICLE 4 DIRECTIONS			
		Baring Hall Hotel	Forest Hill	Some	
		Beckenham Place Park	Halifax Street	St Joh	
		Belmont	Hatcham	St Ma	
		Blackheath	Jews Walk		phens
		Brockley	Ladywell		tead Grove
		Brookmill Road	Lammas Green		ham Hill
		Cobbs Corner	Lee Manor	,	ham Park
		Culverley Green	Lewisham Park		ham Thorpe's
		Deptford Creekside	Mercia Grove	•	aph Hill
		Deptford High Street & St Pauls	Perry Vale & Christm Estate	las	
		Deptford Town Hall	Perry Fields		
		OTHER DESIGNATED HE	RITAGE ASSETS		
		WORLD HERITAGE SITE			
		Maritime Greenwich			
		SCHEDULED ANCIENT M			
		The Tudor Naval Storehou	se in the former Roya	I Naval Shipyaro	d, Deptford, now
		known as Convoys Wharf			

Additional Modification to update Table to reflect the factual position.

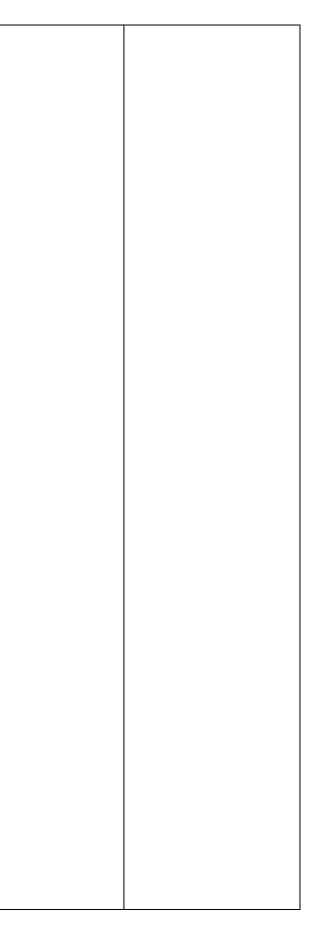
				AND GARDENS			
		Grove Park (	,				
		Manor Park	-				
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		Addington G					
		Adelaide Ave	enue				
			· · · ·	med Somerset Gardens)			
		Culverley Gr					
		Deptford Me	morial Gard	ens			
		Dermody Ro	ad				
	Duncombe Hill						
				ovision of Stanton Square	e, which was removed in the context		
		of road realig					
		Lewisham H					
				ondon Squares (west sic	de between Bradgate Road and		
		Ladywell Roa		dono Louishars List O	traat		
				rdens, Lewisham High S	lieel		
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					side between Davenport and buth of junction with Brownhill Road)		
				irden (renamed Taymour			
				ed for road scheme)			
		St Margaret's					
		Sunninghill F					
		Wickham Ga					
AM70	Schedule 4			employment land			
			esignated t				
		Table 21.4: Table showing designated employment land					
			·				
		Туре	Ref	Location	Proposed changes to Policies		
					Map		
		Strategic	SIL	Bromley Road	Bromley Road		
		Industrial		Surrey Canal Road	Shopping frontages along		
		Location		(including	Randlesdown Road de-		
				Bermondsey Dive	designated from SIL.		
				<u>Under)</u>	Surrey Canal Road		
					Bermondsey Dive Under site		
					designated as SIL.		
					Evelyn Court, Apollo Business		
					Centre and Land at Surrey		
					Canal Road and Trundelys		
					Road sites de-designated from		
					SIL.		

Additional Modification to correct extraneous material relating to previous iterations of the Table.
Additional Modification to ensure consistent use of site allocation names across the Local Plan.

		Town centre Major	Primary	/ Shopping Area		
AM71	Schedule 5			and Primary Shopping A Towns centres and Prim		
		designated employment site	Applicable	throughout Borough		
		Employment Location	MEL	Malham Rd (with 118 Stanstead Rd) Manor Lane Molesworth Street Perry Vale Stanton Square Trundleys Road Willow Way Worsley Bridge Rd Bermondsey Dive Under (part) Lewisham Way Arklow Rd Childers Street East Convoys Wharf Grinstead Rd Oxestalls Rd Plough Way Sun and Kent Wharf Surrey Canal Triangle Creekside Village East, Thanet Wharf	remains designated MEL): Malham Road 188 Stansted Road designated as LSIS. Apollo Business Centre, Evelyn Counrt, Trundleys Road, Bermondsey Diver Under (part) Re-designated as LSIS from SIL Childers Street Childers Street East remains designated MEL. (Childers Street West designated as LSIS).	
		Locally Significant Industrial Site	LSIS	Apollo Business Centre Blackheath Hill Childers Street West Clyde Vale Endwell Rd Evelyn Court Evelyn Street Lower Creekside	Terminology Local Employment Land (LEL) re-named LSIS for consistency with terminology used in London Plan. Childers Street Childers Street West designated LSIS. (Childers Street East	

Additional Modification
to account for the
factual extent of the
Bellingham Local
Centre – as 4 and 4a
Randlesdown Road
. candioodo mini toud
<b>C</b> II - II
fall within Bromley
fall within Bromley Road SIL.

Lewisham       Lewisham High Strett: 21 to 50, 197 to 131 and 85 to 93         Lewisham Shopping centre: ground floor units       Lewisham Shopping centre: ground floor units         Catford       Catford Broadway: ground floor units         Catford Broadway: ground floor units       Catford Road: Station Buildings and 1 to 9         Winstade Way: 36 to 2, 38 to 6 and 123 to 9       Rushey Green: 58 to 166 and 75 to 199         DISTRICT       Blackheath Village: 0 to 18 and 1 to 11         Blackheath Village: 0 to 16 and 1 to 11       Royal Parade: 8 to 17         Deptford       Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164         Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164       Deptford Broadway: 1         Deptford Broadway: 1       Deptford Broadway: 1         Deptford Market Yard: Carriage way, Arches and 2 St Pauls House       Downham         Bromely Road: 436 to 500 and 431 to 499       Forest Hill         London Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 26       David's Road: 1 to 5         Devonshine Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre       Etham Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and 140         Lee Road: 128 to 120       New Cross       New Cross Road: 257 to 407         New Cross       New Cross Road: 257 to 407       New Cross         New Cross       Not applicable       Road         Road       (See Local Centres for further information)       Sydenham Road: 4 t			
Catford Road: Station Buildings and 1 to 9         Winslade Way: 36 to 2, 38 to 6 and 123 to 9         Rushey Green: 58 to 166 and 75 to 199         DISTRICT         Blackheath         Tranquil Vale: 1 to 49, 36 to 74 and 16         Montpelier Vale: 2 to 36 and 1 to 47         Blackheath         Blackheath         Deptford         Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164         Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164         Deptford Market Yard: Carriage way, Arches and 2 St Pauls House         Downham         Bromley Road: 436 to 500 and 431 to 499         Forest Hill         London Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 56         David's Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 28         Lee Green         Burnt Ash Road: 2 to 174, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre         Eitham Road: 2 to 18         Lee Rores         New Cross         New Cross         New Cross         Not applicable         Road         Kirkdale: 313 to 325 and 260 to 278         LOCAL       Local Centre frontages         All centres       Not applicable         Road       (See Local 205 to 265         Brockley       Coulgate Street: all ground floor units         Harefield Road: 116		Lewisham	Lewis Grove: 129 to 97 and 1 to 43 Lewisham shopping centre: ground floor units
Blackheath       Tranquil Vale: 1 to 49, 36 to 74 and 16 Montpelier Vale: 2 to 36 and 1 to 47 Blackheath Village: 0 to 16 and 1 to 11 Royal Parade: 8 to 17         Deptford       Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164 Deptford Toradway: 1 Deptford Market Yard: Carriage way, Arches and 2 St Pauls House         Downham       Bromley Road: 340 to 500 and 431 to 499         Forest Hill       London Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 56 David's Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 56 David's Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 28         Lee Green       Burnt Ash Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre Eitham Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre Eitham Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre Eitham Road: 2 to 120         New Cross       New Cross Road: 257 to 407         New Cross       Not applicable         Road       (See Local Centres for further information)         Sydenham       Sydenham Road: 4 to 78 and 3 to 111 Sydenham Station Approach: 2 to 12 Kirkdale: 313 to 325 and 260 to 278         LOCAL       Local Centre frontages All centres         All centres       Not applicable         Bellingham       Randlesdown Road: 4 § to 50 and the Fellowship Bromley Road: 105 and 2 to 28 Endwell: 100 to 10 Brockley Cross: 1 to 9, 211 to 25 and 2 to 28 Endwell: 100 to 110 Malpas Road: 255 to 265 and 246 to 248         Lee Station       Burnt Ash Hult: 1 to 45		Catford	Catford Road: Station Buildings and 1 to 9 Winslade Way: 36 to 2, 38 to 6 and 123 to 9
Montpelier Vale: 2 to 36 and 1 to 47         Blackheath Village: 0 to 16 and 1 to 11         Royal Parade: 8 to 17         Deptford         Deptford High Street: 1 to 179 and 2 to 164         Deptford Mrack Yard: Carriage way, Arches and 2 St Pauls House         Downham         Bromley Road: 436 to 500 and 431 to 499         Forest Hill       London Road: 1 to 55 and 2 to 56         Devonshire Road: 2 to 164         Devonshire Road: 2 to 57 and 1 to 7         Dattmouth Road: 1 to 35 and 2 to 28         Lee Green         Burnt Ash Road: 2 to 14, 1 to 27 and the Leegate Centre         Etham Road: 2 to 18         Lee High Road: 432 to 422 and 321 to 351         Lee Road: 1 28 to 120         New Cross         New Cross         New Cross         Not applicable         Road         (See Local Centres for further information)         Sydenham Station Approach: 2 to 12         Kirkdale: 313 to 325 and 260 to 278         LOCAL       Local Centre frontages         All centres       Not applicable         Bellingham       Randlesdown Road: 4 6 to 50 and the Fellowship         Bromkley Road: 205 to 265       Brockley         Brockley Road: 1 to 7       Brockley Coss: 1 to 9, 21 to 25 and 2 to 28		DISTRICT	
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Sydenham Station Approach: 2 to 12 Kirkdale: 313 to 325 and 260 to 278LOCALLocal Centre frontages All centresAll centresNot applicableBellinghamRandlesdown Road: 4 6 to 50 and the Fellowship Bromley Road: 205 to 265BrockleyCoulgate Street: all ground floor units Harefield Road: 1 to 7 Brockley Road: 186 to 188 and 169 to 201 Brockley Cross: 1 to 9, 21 to 25 and 2 to 28 Endwell: 100 to 110 Malpas Road: 253 to 259 and 246 to 248Lee StationBurnt Ash Road: 111 to 133 and 116 to 136 Burnt Ash Hill: 1 to 45			
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Crofton Park Brockley Road: 322 to 410, 349 to 409 and 435 to 447			Burnt Ash Hill: 1 to 45
		Crofton Park	Brockley Road: 322 to 410, 349 to 409 and 435 to 447



		Downham Way	Downham Way: 419, 431 to 457 and 430 to 406	
		Evelyn Street	Evelyn Street: 262 to 232, 299 to 321, 204 to 210, 186 to 190, 154	
			to 166 and 195	
		Grove Park	Baring Road: 342 to 386 and 293 to 325	
			Downham Way: 589 and 636 to 650	
		Honor Oak and	Honor Oak Park: 38 to 78, 25 to 63 and 1 to 5	
		Brockley Rise	Brockley Rise: 56 to 104 and 119 to 139	
		Ladywell	Ladywell Road: 71 to 111 and 38 to 80	
		Lewisham Way	Algernon Road: 251 to 259 and 222 to 230           Lewisham Way: 119 to 249, 138 to 154 and 110 to 118	
			The Parade Upper Brockley Road: 7a to 13	
		New Cross	Queens Road: 387 to 401	
		Road	New Cross Road: 105 to 205, 92 to 110 and 116 to 184	
		Staplehurst	Staplehurst Road: 9 to 37 and 2 to 28	
		Road		
		Kirkdale	Kirkdale road: 92 to 112 150 and 97 to 191	
			Dartmouth Road: 184 to 190	
		Hither Green	Hither Green Lane 232 to 166 and 191	
AM72	Schedule 6		tive enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy hubs s showing Creative enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables		hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn	s showing Creative enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn New Cross	s showing Creative enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn New Cross Telegraph Hill (pa	s showing Creative enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn New Cross Telegraph Hill (pa Brockley (part)	s showing Creative enterprise zone, cultural quarters and night-time economy           RTH CEZ APPLIES TO THE FOLLOWING WARDS           art)	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn New Cross Telegraph Hill (pa Brockley (part) CULTURAL QUA	art) ARTERS	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: TablesLEWISHAM NOFEvelynNew CrossTelegraph Hill (paBrockley (part)CULTURAL QUADeptford	art) ARTERS LOCATION Deptford District Centre and west of Deptford Creek	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: Tables LEWISHAM NOF Evelyn New Cross Telegraph Hill (pa Brockley (part) CULTURAL QUA	art)          ARTERS       LOCATION         Deptford District Centre and west of         Deptford Creek         Goldsmiths College, northern end of         Lewisham Way and western end of New	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: TablesLEWISHAM NOFEvelynNew CrossTelegraph Hill (paBrockley (part)CULTURAL QUADeptford	art)          ARTERS       LOCATION         ARTERS       LOCATION         Deptford District Centre and west of         Deptford Creek         Goldsmiths College, northern end of         Lewisham Way and western end of New         Cross Road         118 Stanstead Road, west of the railway         Ine within Forest Hill District Centre,         Horniman's the Horniman Museum and	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: TablesLEWISHAM NOFEvelynNew CrossTelegraph Hill (paBrockley (part)CULTURAL QUADeptfordNew Cross	art)          ARTERS       LOCATION         ARTERS       LOCATION         Objective       Goldsmiths College, northern end of         Lewisham Way and western end of New       Cross Road         118 Stanstead Road, west of the railway       Ine within Forest Hill District Centre,         Horniman's the Horniman Museum and       Gardens and Horniman Play Park.	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: TablesLEWISHAM NOFEvelynNew CrossTelegraph Hill (paBrockley (part)CULTURAL QUADeptfordNew CrossForest Hill	art)          ARTERS       LOCATION         ARTERS       LOCATION         Objective       Goldsmiths College, northern end of         Lewisham Way and western end of New       Cross Road         118 Stanstead Road, west of the railway       Ine within Forest Hill District Centre,         Horniman's the Horniman Museum and       Gardens and Horniman Play Park.	hubs
AM72	Schedule 6	Table 21.6: TablesLEWISHAM NOFEvelynNew CrossTelegraph Hill (paBrockley (part)CULTURAL QUADeptfordNew CrossForest HillNIGHT-TIME EC	art) ARTERS LOCATION ARTERS LOCATION Deptford District Centre and west of Deptford Creek Goldsmiths College, northern end of Lewisham Way and western end of New Cross Road 118 Stanstead Road, west of the railway line within Forest Hill District Centre, Horniman's the Horniman Museum and Gardens and Horniman Play Park. CONOMY HUBS TYPE	hubs

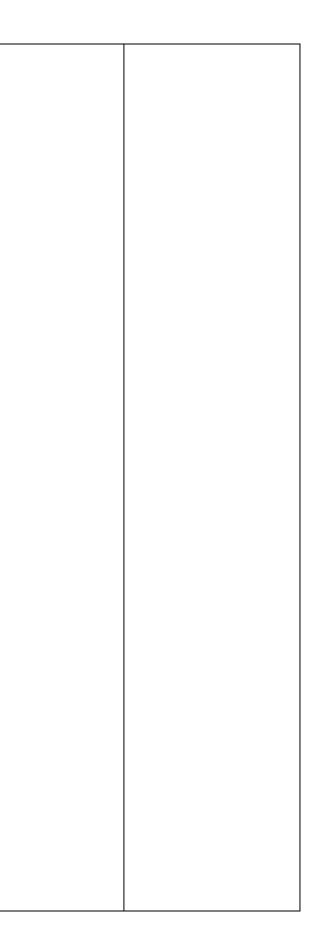
Additional Modification
to correct factual error.

# January 2025

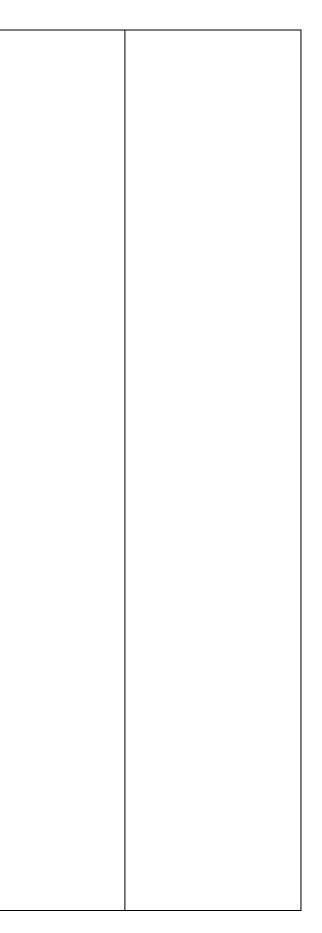
		Blackheath District Centre	Area with more than local significance (NT3)	
		New Cross Gate District Centre	Area with more than local significance (NT3)	
		New Cross Road Local Centre	Area with more than local significance (NT3)	
		Deptford District Centre	Area with local significance	
		Forest Hill District Centre	Area with local significance	
AM73	Schedule 7	Schedule 7: Designated Open Spaces Table 21.2: Table showing a list of open spa	aces their designations	
		Site	Open Space Type	Open Space Designation
		Admiralty Square	Parks and Gardens	SOS
		Alanthus Close Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Abbotshall Rd, The Healthy Lifestyle Centre	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
		Albion s Millennium Green	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Green Space	SOS
		Aragon Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
		Arcus Road Housing Green (North)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Arcus Road Housing Green (South)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Bellingham Leisure and Lifestyle Centre	-Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
		Ballamore/Shroffold Rd	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
		Barmeston Rd	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
		Barriedale	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
		Bawtree Road	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Baxter's Field	Park and Gardens	SOS
		Beachborough Gardens	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Beaulieu Avenue Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Beckenham Hill Railway Cutting	Green Corridor	Green Corridor SOS
		Beckenham Place Park	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
		Beckenham Place Park Common	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
		Beckenham Place Park Summerhouse Fields	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
		Bell Green Pond	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Green Space	MOL/SOS
		Bellingham Bowling Club <del>, Greenside</del> Close, Penderry Rise	Outdoor Sports Facilities	UGS SOS
		Bellingham Green	Parks and Gardens	SOS
		Bellingham Leisure and Lifestyle Centre	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS

Additional Modification to delete extra comma.
Additional Modification to correct typographic error.
Additional Modifications to remove duplication.
Additional Modifications to correct and reflect factual position/ status.

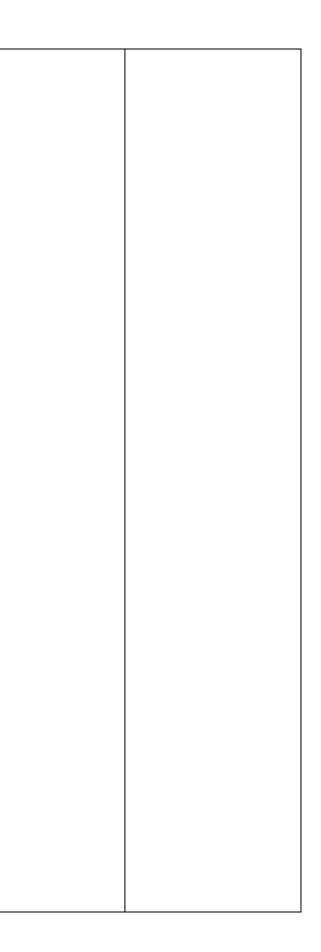
Bellingham Play Park	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
· · · · ·	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Bridgehouse Meadows N	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Bridgehouse Nature Area N	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
British Gas Land Buffer Zone U	Jrban Natural and Semi-natural Greenspace	SOS
Broadmead <u>Allotments</u> A	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Broadway Fields P	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS
	Green Corridor	MOL/ SOS
	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS
Brookmill Nature Reserve N	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Brookmill Park P	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Castillon Rd Road Allotments A	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Castleton Road, Marvels Lane Green F	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Catford Cyphers Cricket Club, Rubens St, C	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Catford Embankment G	Green Corridor	SOS
Catford Wanderers Sports Club, C Beckenham Hill Rd	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Ŭ Ū	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Chinbrook Meadows Lane	Green Corridor	MOL/SOS
	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS



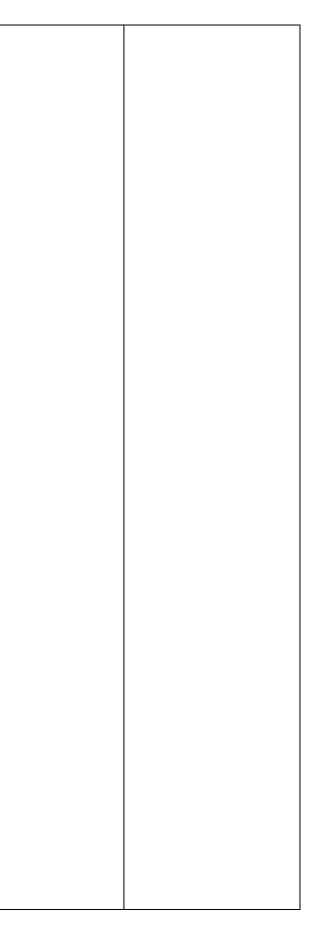
Christ Church Chapel	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS
Clarendon Rise/Dermody Rd Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Clyde Street Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Confluence Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Conisborough College	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Cornmill Gardens	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Cox wood	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Creekside Discovery Centre	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Crofton Park Cutting & Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Crofton Park Railway Garden	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Dacre Park Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Dacres Wood Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Greenspace Urban Greenspace	SOS
Dagonet Gardens Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
De Frene Rd Market Garden	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Deals Gateway Pocket Park	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Deloraine Street Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Deptford Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Deptford Creek	Green Corridor	SOS
Deptford Green School Playing Field	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Deptford Railway Meadow	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Deptford Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Devonshire Rd Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Downham Playing Fields	Parks and Gardens	POS
Downham Woodland Walk Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Downham Way, The Green	Natural and semi-natural Urbangreenspace	SOS
Duncombe Hill	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Durham Hill (Downham Fields)	Parks and Gardens	SOS
East Hither Green Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
East Lee Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
East of Hardcastle Close	Green Corridor	SOS
Eckington Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Edith Nesbitt Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Edward Street Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Elliot Bank Hedge	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Elliott Forde Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Elm Lane Sports Ground	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS



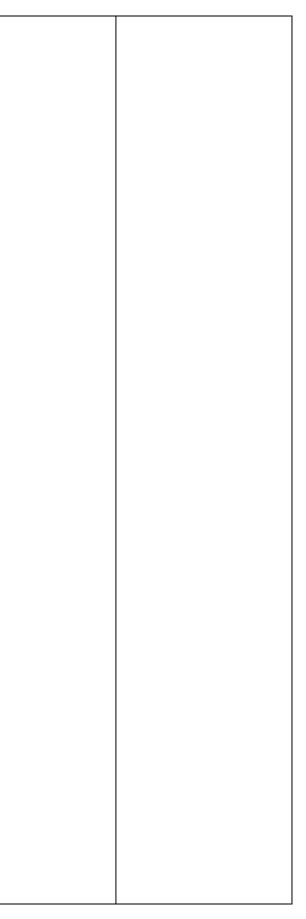
Evelyn Green	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Exford Rd Road Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
Exford Rd/Burnt Ash Hill Triangle	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Farmstead Road Community Garden	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Farmstead Rd Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Ferranti Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Firhill Rd North Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Firhill Rd Playing fields	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Firhill Rd North Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Firhill Rd South Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Folkestone Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Fordham Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Forest Hill Bowls Club, Wynell Rd	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Forest Hill School Sports MUGA	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Forster Memorial Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Frendsbury Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Friendly Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Friendly Street Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Garthorne Rd Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	SOS
	Greenspace	
Gareth Grove Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Gilmore Rd Triangle	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	SOS
	Greenspace	
Goan Club, Ravensbourne Avenue	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Goldsmiths' College Green	Formal Amenity Green Space	SOS
Goldsmiths' College Tennis Court	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Grove Close Green Space	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Grove Park Cemetery	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	MOL/SOS/
Grove Park Library and Gardens	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Grove Park Library Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Grow Mayow Community Garden	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Haberdashers' Aske's Knights Academy	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Hall Drive Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Hatcham Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Hazelbank Rd Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Hedge Walk	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Hillcrest Estate Woodland	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	SOS
	Greenspace	
Hilly Fields	Parks and Gardens	SOS/MOL
Hither Green Sidings	Miscellaneous open green space, SINC	-MOL



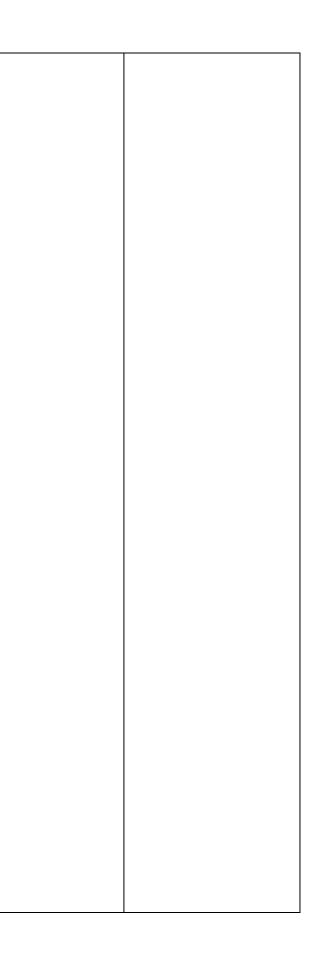
Hither Green Cemetery	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	MOL/SOS
Hither Green Embankment- North	Green Corridor	SOS
Hither Green North-East Railway Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Hither Green Railway Land 1	Green Corridor	MOL/SOS
Hither Green Railway Land 2	Green Corridor	SOS
Hither Green Railway Land 3	Green Corridor	SOS
Hither Green Triangle Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Hither Green South East Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Hither Green South East Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Hocket Close	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Home Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Honor Oak Covered Reservoir	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Honor Oak Adventure Playground	Provision for Children and Young People	MOL
Honor Oak Covered Reservoir	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Honor Oak Cutting	Green Corridor	MOL (part)/SOS
Honor Oak Sports Ground	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Horniman Museum and Gardens	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Horniman Nature Trail	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Horniman's Triangle	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Hurstbourne Rd Road Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Iona Close Orchard	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Jim Hurren Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Kendale Rd Road Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Knapmill Road Housing Green (North West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Knapmill Road Housing Green (North West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Kirkdale Green	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Knapmill Way Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Knapmill Way Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Laban	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Ladywell Fields	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Ladywell Fields Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Ladywell Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Ladywell House Gardens	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Lammas Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Land at Beckenham Hill	Miscellaneous	MOL



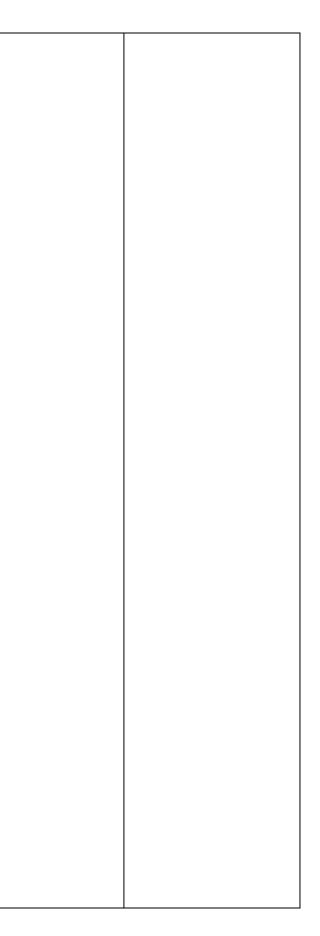
Launcelot Rd. (	disused allotments	Allotments	UGS
	d Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
	and Club Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
	erdown Rd (north)	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Allotments			
Lethbridge Close	se	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	SOS
		Greenspace	
Lewisham Crer	natorium	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused	MOL/SOS
		Churchyards	
Lewisham Park		Park <u>s and Gardens</u>	POS SOS
Lewisham Rail		Green Corridor	SOS
	ion Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Lewisham to B	lackheath Railway	Green Corridor	SOS
Loampit Vale F	ailway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Lock Chase Gr	een	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Long Meadow	Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
Longton Nurse	ery <u>Allotments</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Lower Pepys P	ark	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Luxmore Garde	ens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Manor House C	Gardens	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Manor Park (Le	ewisham)	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Margaret McMi	llan Park (Lewisham)	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Marvels Lane H		Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Mary Ann Garc	lens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Mayneswood F	Road Housing Green (South)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Mayow Park		Parks and Gardens	SOS
Meadow Close	Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
Merchant Taylo	ors' Almshouses	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Merlin Gardens	3	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Milborough Cre	escent	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Millwall Emban		Green Corridor	SOS
Millwall Footba	II Club Training Ground	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
	eet Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
	ad Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Mountsfield Pa		Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
New Cross Cut	ting	Green Corridor	MOL (part)/SOS
New Cross Ga	te Cutting Nature Reserve	Miscellaneous <u>Natural and Semi-natural</u> Urban Green Space	MOL/SOS
North New Cro Embankment	ss Road Railway	Green Corridor	SOS
Northbrook Par	k	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
	k Railway Cutting	<u>Green Corridor</u>	Green Corridor SOS
			000



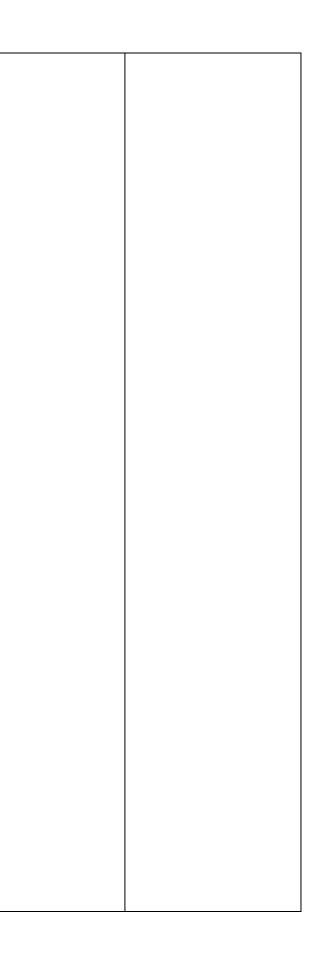
Northover Road Amenity Green (South)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Nunhead Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Nunhead East Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Nyhead Street	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Oakridge Road Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Oldstead Road Allotments (East)	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Oldstead Road Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Overdown Road Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Pepys Estate Green (East)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Pepys Estate Green (West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Peter Pan's Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Peter Pan's Pool	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	SOS
	Greenspace	
Pincott Place Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
Pitfold Gardens	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Playgreen Green Way <u>Hosuing</u> Green (East)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Playgreen Way Housing Green (Centre East)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Playgreen Way Housing Green (Centre West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Playgreen Way Housing Green (West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Pool River Linear Park	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Pool River Open Space Railway	Green Corridor	SOS
Prendergast Girls' School fields	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Prendergast Ladywell School	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Priestfield Rd	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Railway side Ladywell Fields North	Green Corridor	SOS
Rainsborough Ave/ Clement House	Park and Garden	SOS
Rainsborough Avenue Embankments	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Randlesdown Road Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Rangefield Road Housing Green – <del>East</del> (East)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Rangfield Rangefield Road Housing Green (West)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Ravensbourne	Green Corridor	SOS
Ravensbourne Park Gardens	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Ravensbourne River	Green Corridor	MOL (part)/ SOS
Rear of 34 Exford Road	Formal Amenity Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Reigate Road Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Reigate Rd Open Space	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS



Ringway Centre Community Garden	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL (part)/ SOS
River Quaggy – Grove Park	Green Corridor	SOS
River Quaggy - Hither Green	Green Corridor	SOS
River Quaggy - Lee Green	Green Corridor	SOS
River Quaggy - Lewisham	Green Corridor	SOS
River Quaggy - South of A20	Green Corridor	SOS
River Ravebbourne Ravensbourne Southend	Green Corridor	SOS
River Ravensbourne by Brookmill Park	Green Corridor	MOL/ SOS
Riverdale Sculpture Park	Parks and Gardens	MOL (part)/SOS
Riverview Walk	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Rocombe Crescent Triangle	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Romborough Gardens <u>Allotments (East)</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Romborough Gardens Allotments (West)	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Roseveare Road Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Rossett Way	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Roudtable Road Housing Green (North)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Roundtable Road Housing Green (South)	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Royal Naval Place Stage 1 Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Royal Naval Place Stage 2 <u>Allotments</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Rutland Walk Sports Club	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Saint Georges Square	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Sandpit Road Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Sayes Court Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Sedgehill School	Miscellaneous - Amenity Open Space, Playing, Fields	MOL/UGS/Green Grid
Sedgehill <del>Rd</del> <u>Road Allotments</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/UGS/Green Grid
Sedgehill School	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Sedgehill School Sports Ground	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Shaw Rd	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Silwood Triangle	Green Corridor	SOS
Slaithwaite Rd Road Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Somerset Gardens	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
South of Prendergast Ladywell School	Natural and semi natural greenspace	SOS
Southend Lane Housing Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
Southend Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
St Barnabas	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
St Bartholomews Churchyard	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS



St Dunstan's College Sports Ground	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
SOSSt John the Baptist Church	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
St Mary's Churchyard	Miscellaneous – Cemeteries and	MOL
	churchyards	
St John's Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
St Josephs Vale Strip	Green Corridor	SOS
St Margarets Churchyard	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS
St Mary's Churchyard Lewisham	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	MOL/ SOS
St Mary's Churchyard Lewisham	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	SOS
St Matthew's Academy Sports Ground	Outdoor Sports Facility	SOS
St Mildred's Allotments Railway Land	Green Corridor	SOS
St Mildred's Rd Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
St Mildred's Road Roughland	Green Corridor	MOL/SOS
St Norbert Green	Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
St Paul's Churchyard, Deptford	Cemeteries, Churches and Disused Churchyards	MOL/SOS
Stanley Street <u>Allotments</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Staunton Street Green	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Sue Godfrey Nature Park	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Sundridge Railway Slides	Green Corridor	SOS
Surrey Canal	Green Corridor	SOS
Surrey Canal Linear Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
Sydenham Cottages Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	MOL/SOS
Sydenham Gardens	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Sydenham High School Field	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS
Sydenham Park Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Sydenham Park Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Sydenham Road Cutting	Green Corridor	SOS
Sydenham School Sports Pitch	Outdoor sports facilities	SOS
Sydenham Wells Park	Parks and Gardens	MOL/SOS
Tarleton Gardens	Natural and Semi-natural Urban Greenspace	SOS
Taylors Lane <u>Allotments</u>	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Telegraph Hill Park	Parks and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
Ten-Em-Bee Sports Club	Outdoor Sports Facilities	MOL/SOS
Trewsbury Rd Road Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
Tudor Livesey Memorial Hall Bowling Green	Outdoor Sports Facilities	SOS



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		Turnham Rd Green	Turnham Road Green Formal Amenity Greenspace	SOS
		Upper Pepys Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
		Vesta Road Railway Cutting	Green Corridor	MOL/SOS
		Vineries Nature Reserve	Natural and Semi-natural Urban	MOL/SOS
			Greenspace	
		Weavers Estate Allotments, Engleheart Ro		SOS
		West of Broadway Fields	Green Corridor	SOS
		West of SELCHP	Green Corridor	SOS
		Westbourne Drive Park	Parks and Gardens	SOS
		Whitefoot Lane Recreation Ground	Sports Ground and Green Corridor Outdoor Sports Facitity Facility	UGS SOS
		Wild Cat Wilderness Community Greenspace	Allotments and Community Gardens	MOL/SOS
		Windlass Place Allotments	Allotments and Community Gardens	SOS
		Winn Road and Guibal Road	Formal Amenity Greenspace	<u>SOS</u>
		Worsley Bridge	Green Corridor	SOS
		Zampa Road Railway Embankment	Green Corridor	SOS
AM74	Schedule 9	Schedule 9: Local Nature Reserves and Eco Table 21.9: Table showing local nature rese		
AM74	Schedule 9			
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature rese		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature rese         Site Name		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature rese Site Name Local Nature Reserve		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place Park		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature Reserve		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash Pond		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature Reserve		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland Walk		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham <u>Place Park</u> Brookmill <u>Nature Reserve</u> Burnt Ash PondDacres Wood <u>Nature Reserve</u> Downham Wood <u>Woodland Walk</u> Grove Park <u>Nature Reserve</u>		
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland WalkGrove Park Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature Reserve Park		
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AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland WalkGrove Park Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature Reserve ParkEcological CorridorSouth Bermondsey to Sydenham, Lee and Bermondsey to Sydenham Rail corridor	rves and ecological corridors	
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland WalkGrove Park Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature Reserve ParkEcological CorridorSouth Bermondsey to Sydenham, Lee and	rves and ecological corridors	
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland WalkGrove Park Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature ReserveBurnt Bermondsey to Sydenham, Lee and Bermondsey to Sydenham Rail corridorThe River Thames - Deptford Creek - The	rves and ecological corridors	
AM74	Schedule 9	Table 21.9: Table showing local nature reseSite NameLocal Nature ReserveBeckenham Place ParkBrookmill Nature ReserveBurnt Ash PondDacres Wood Nature ReserveDownham Wood Woodland WalkGrove Park Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature ReserveSue Godfrey Nature Reserve ParkEcological CorridorSouth Bermondsey to Sydenham, Lee and Bermondsey to Sydenham Rail corridorThe River Thames - Deptford Creek - The The River Ravensbourne, The Pool River a	A second ecological corridors	

Additional
Additional Modifications to reflect factual position/ names of Local Nature Reserves